

2008-2009 Common Data Set

Prepared by: Office of Institutional Research University of Central Florida

(A) General Information | (B) Enrollment & Persistence | (C) First Time, First Year (freshman) Admission

(D) Transfer Admission | (E) Academic Offerings & Policy | (F) Student Life

(G) Annual Expenses | (H) Financial Aid | (I) Instructional Faculty & Class Size | (J) Degrees Conferred

A. GENERAL INFORMATION

Name: Patricia Ramsey
Title: Assistant Director
Office: Institutional Research
Mailing Address, City/State/Zip/Country: Research Pavilion, 12424 Research Parkway, Suite 215, Orlando, FL 32826-3269
Phone: 407.823.6271
Fax: 407.823.4769
E-mail Address: ramsey@ucf.edu
Are your responses to the CDS posted for reference on your institution's web site? yes: no:
If yes, please provide the URL of the corresponding web page: http://www.iroffice.ucf.edu/

A1. Address Information

- Name of College or University: <u>University of Central Florida</u>
- Mailing Address, City/State/Zip: Orlando, FL 32816
- Street Address (if different), City/State/Zip
- Main Phone: (407) 823-2001
- WWW Home Page Address: http://www.ucf.edu/
- Admissions Phone Number: (407) 823-3000
- Admissions Office Mailing Address: P.O. Box 160111, Orlando, FL 32816-0111
- Admissions Fax Number: (407) 823-5625
- Admissions E-mail Address: admission@ucf.edu
- Admissions WWW Home Page Address: www.admissions.ucf.edu

A2. Source of institutional control (check one only)

	Public
	Private (nonprofit)
	Proprietary
A3.	Classify your undergraduate institution: Coeducational college
	Classify your undergraduate institution: Coeducational college Men's college

A4. Academic year calendar

✓ Semester

Quarter
Trimester
Other
4-1-4
Continuous
☐ Differs by program
A5. Degrees offered by your institution
Certificate
☐ Diploma
Associate
☐ Transfer
☐ Terminal
☑ Bachelor's
☑ Postbachelor's certificate
☑ Master's
☐ Post-Master's Certificate
☑ Specialist
☑ Doctoral
☐ First professional
☐ First professional certificate

B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE

B1. Institutional Enrollment - Men and WomenProvide numbers of students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2008.

	EIIII	TIME	PART-TIME		
	FULL-TIME				
	Men	Women	Men	Women	
Undergraduates					
Degree-seeking, first-time freshmen	2,867	3,281	104	92	
Other first-year, degree-seeking	493	333	103	79	
All other degree-seeking	11,149	14,062	4,569	5,510	
Total degree-seeking	14,509	17,676	4,776	5,681	
All other undergraduates enrolled in credit courses	14	4	129	121	
Total undergraduates	14,523	17,680	4,905	5,802	
First-professional					
First-time, first-professional students	na	na	na	na	
All other first-professionals	na	na	na	na	
Total first-professional	-				
Graduate					

Degree-seeking, first-time	478	640	313	535
All other degree-seeking	1,037	1,141	961	1,488
All other graduates enrolled in credit courses (Postbac)	10	9	266	466
Total graduate	1,525	1,790	1,540	2,489

Total all undergraduates: 42,910

Total all graduate and professional students: 7,344

Grand total all students: <u>50,254</u>

B2. Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category

Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2008. Include international students only in the category "Nonresident aliens". Complete the "Total Undergraduates" column only if you cannot provide data for the first twocolumns.

	Degree-Seeking First-Time, First- Year	Degree-Seeking Undergraduates	Total Undergraduates
Non-Resident Aliens	41	547	555
Black, non-Hispanic	618	3,830	3,851
American Indian or Alaskan Native	24	176	178
Asian or Pacific Islander	377	2,302	2,314
Hispanic	952	6,112	6,164
White, non-Hispanic	4,241	28,443	28,610
Race/ethnicity unknown	91	1,232	1,238
Total	6,344	42,642	42,910

Persistence

B3. Number of degrees awarded by your institution from July 1, 2007 to June 30, 2008

Certificate/Diploma	Degrees
Associate degrees	250
Bachelor's degrees	9,139
Postbachelor's certificate	334
* Master's	1926
Post-master's certificate	
Doctoral	207
First professional	
First professional certificate	

- * Master's Degree Detail
 - <u>1,885</u> Master's
 - 41 Specialist's

Graduation Rates

The items in this section correspond to data elements collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System's Graduation Rate Survey (GRS). For complete instructions and definitions of data elements, see IPEDS

GRS instructions and glossary on the 2008 Web-based survey.

For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs

Please provide data for the fall 2002 cohort if available. If fall 2002 cohort data are not available, provide data for the fall 2001 cohort.

Fall 2001 Cohort	Fall 2002 Cohort
Report for the cohort of full-time first-time	Report for the cohort of full-time first-time
bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking	bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking
undergraduate students who entered in fall	undergraduate students who entered in fall
2001 . Include in the cohort those who entered	2002 . Include in the cohort those who entered
your institution during the summer term	
	your institution during the summer term
preceding fall 2001 .	preceding fall 2002 .
D4 Twitis 2004 as book of fively bines for like in	DA Tribial 2002 calculate of first time a full time
B4. Initial 2001 cohort of first-time, full-time	B4. Initial 2002 cohort of first-time, full-time
bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking	bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking
undergraduate students; total all students:	undergraduate students; total all students:5312
B5. Of the initial 2001 cohort, how many did	B5. Of the initial 2002 cohort, how many did
not persist and did not graduate for the	not persist and did not graduate for the
following reasons: death, permanent disability,	following reasons: death, permanent disability,
or service in the armed forces, foreign aid	or service in the armed forces, foreign aid
service of the federal government, or official	service of the federal government, or official
church missions; total allowable exclusions:	church missions; total allowable exclusions:
,	0
B6. Final 2001 cohort, after adjusting for	B6. Final 2002 cohort, after adjusting for
allowable exclusions:	allowable exclusions:5312
(Subtract question B5 from question B4)	(Subtract question B5 from question B4)
D7 Of the initial 2001 select have record	D7 Of the initial 2002 select how recover
B7. Of the initial 2001 cohort, how many	B7. Of the initial 2002 cohort, how many
completed the program in four years or less (by	completed the program in four years or less (by
August 31, 2005):	August 31, 2006):1729
B8. Of the initial 2001 cohort, how many	B8. Of the initial 2002 cohort, how many
completed the program in more than four years	completed the program in more than four years
but in five years or less (after August 31, 2005	but in five years or less (after August 31, 2006
and by August 31, 2006):	and by August 31, 2007):1275
and by August 31, 2000).	and by August 31, 2007]12/3
B9. Of the initial 2001 cohort, how many	B9. Of the initial 2002 cohort, how many
completed the program in more than five years	completed the program in more than five years
but in six years or less (after August 31, 2006	but in six years or less (after August 31, 2007
and by August 31, 2007):	and by August 31, 2008):337
	, .,,,,,
B10 . Total graduating within six years (sum of	B10 . Total graduating within six years (sum of
questions B7, B8, and B9):	questions B7, B8, and B9):3341
B11. Six-year graduation rate for 2001 cohort	B11. Six-year graduation rate for 2002 cohort
(question B10 divided by question B6):	(question B10 divided by question B6): _62.9
<u> </u>	%

For Two-Year Institutions:

Sections B12 - B21 do not apply to University of Central Florida (a four year institution).

Retention Rates

Report for the cohort of all full-time, first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in fall 2007 (or the preceding summer term). The initial cohort may be adjusted for students who departed for the following reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government or official church missions. No other adjustments to the initial cohort should be made.

B22. For the cohort of all full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered your institution as freshmen in fall 2007 (or the preceding summer term), what percentage was enrolled at your institution as of the date your institution calculates its official enrollment in fall 2008? 85.5%

C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR (FRESHMAN) ADMISSION

C1. First-time, first-year (freshman) students: : Provide the number of degree-seeking, first-time, first-year students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in fall 2008. Include early decision, early action, and students who began studies <u>during summer</u> in this cohort. Applicants should include only those students who fulfilled the requirements for consideration for admission (i.e., who completed actionable applications) and who have been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution). Admitted applicants should include wait-listed students who were subsequently offered admission.

Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men applied	
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women applied	<u>16,152</u>
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men and women applied	28,659

Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men admitted	6,073
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women admitted	
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men and women admitted	<u>13,831</u>
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men enrolled	<u>2,867</u>
Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men enrolled	<u>104</u>
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women enrolled	3,281
Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women enrolled	<u>92</u>
Total (full-time & part-time), first-time, first-year (freshman) men and women enrolled	6,344

C2. Freshman wait-listed students

(students who met admission requirements but whose final admission was contingent on space availability) Do you have a policy of placing students on a waiting list? yes:

✓ no:
✓

If yes, please answer the questions below for fall 2008 admissions:

Number of qualified applicants offered a place on waiting list	<u>1172</u>
Number accepting a place on the waiting list	<u>436</u>
Number of wait-listed students admitted	<u>26</u>

Is your waiting list ranked? No

Admission Requirements

C3. High school completion requirement

V

C4. Does your institution require or seeking students?	recommend a gene	al college p	reparatory pro	gram for degree-
Require				
Recommend				
☐ Neither require nor recommend				
C5. Distribution of high school units high school course units required and/or units (one unit equals one year of study please convert.	recommended of all or its equivalent). If	or most degre	e-seeking stude erent system for	ents using Carnegie calculating units,
Total pandomic units	Units re		Units recor	mmended
Total academic units	18			
English Mathematics	3			
Science	3			
Of these, units that must be lab	(2			
Foreign language	2			
Social studies	3			
History				
Academic electives	3			
Computer Science				
Visual/Performing Arts				
Other (specify)				
C6. Do you have an open admission powith GED equivalency diplomas are admiqualifications). If so, check which applies	itted without regard t			
Open admission policy as described abo	ve for all students			
Open admission policy as described above	ve for most students,	but		
selective admission for out-of state stud	lents			
selective admission to some programs				
other (explain)				"
C7. Relative importance of each of the time, first- year, degree-seeking (free free free free free free free fre			cademic facto	rs in your first-
Academic	7 Ci y Important		Jonathereu	110t Collsidered
Rigor of Secondary school record	L			
Class rank			K	
Academic GPA	L			
Standardized test scores	V.			
Application Essay				

High school diploma is requried and GED is not accepted

High school diploma or equivalent is not required

Recommendation(s)			<u>K</u>			
Nonacademic						
Interview						
Extracurricular activities						
Talent/ability						
Character/personal qualit	ies					
First Generation						
Alumni/ae relation						
Geographical residence						
State residency						
Religious affiliation/comm	nitment					V
Racial/ethnic status						V
Volunteer work				V.		
Work experience				V.		
Level of applicant's intere	st					
decisions for first-time, fir If yes, place check marks admission for Fall 2010.	in the appropri	ate boxes below to re		itution's policie		
	Required	Recommended	some	submitt		Not used
SAT or ACT						
ACT only						
SAT only						
SAT and SAT Subject Tests or ACT						
SAT Subject Tests						
B. If your institution will napplicants for Fall 2009, persone will be used in the aX ACT with Writing co	lease indicate v dmissions proc	which ONE of the folloess):				
ACT with or withou	·					

C. Please indicate how your institution will use the SAT or ACT essay component; check all that apply:

	SAT essay	ACT essay
For admission		
For placement		
For advising		
In place of an application essay		
As a validity check on an application essay		
No college policy as of now		
Not using essay component		

D. In addition, does your institution use applicants' test scores for academic advising? \underline{X} Yes

E. Latest date by which SAT or ACT scores must be received for fall-term admission May 1

Latest date by which SAT Subject Tests scores must be received for fall-term admission N/A

F. If necessary, use this space to clarify your test policies (e.g., if tests recommended for some students, or if tests not required of some students): ___ TOEFL may be required of applicants who are not native speakers of English.____

G. Please indicate which tests your institution uses for placement (e.g., state tests):

SAT	
ACT	
SAT Subject Tests	
АР	
CLEP	
Institutional Exam	
State Exam (specify)	

Freshman Profile

Provide percentages for ALL enrolled degree-seeking full-time and part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in fall 2008, including students who began studies during summer, international students/nonresident aliens, and students admitted under special arrangements.

C9. Percent and number of first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in fall 2008 who submitted national standardized (SAT/ACT) test scores. Include information for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted test scores. Do not include partial test scores (e.g., mathematics scores but not critical reading for a category of students) or combine other standardized test results (such as TOEFL) in this item. Do not convert SAT scores to ACT scores and vice versa. The 25th percentile is the score that 25% scored at or below; the 75th percentile score is the one that 25% scored at or above.

% submitting SAT scores	<u>59%</u>	Number submitting SAT scores	<u>3,759</u>
% submitting ACT scores	<u>41%</u>	Number submitting ACT scores	<u>2,564</u>

	25th percentile	75th percentile
SAT Critical Reading	530	630
SAT Math	550	640
SAT Writing	510	600
SAT Essay		

ACT Composite	23	27
ACT Math		
ACT English		
ACT Writing		

Percent of first-time, first-year (freshman) students with scores in each range

	SAT Critical Reading	SAT Math	SAT Writing
700-800	6.3%	7.2%	3.3%
600-699	32.9%	42.2%	23.4%
500-599	49.9%	44.9%	53.0%
400-499	10.7%	5.5%	19.4%
300-399	0.2%	0.2%	0.9%
200-299	0%	0%	0%

	ACT Comp	ACT English	ACT Math
30-36	7.2%		
24-29	62.7%		
18-23	29.9%		
12-17	0.2%		
6 - 11	0%		
below 6	0%		

C10. Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school class rank within each of the following ranges (report information for those students from whom you collected high school rank information).

Percent in top tenth of high school graduating class	<u>35%</u>
Percent in top quarter of high school graduating class	
Percent in top half of high school graduating class	<u>95%</u>
Percent in bottom half of high school graduating class	<u>5%</u>
Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduating class	
Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted high school	80%
class rank	80%

C11. Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school grade-point averages within each of the following ranges (using 4.0 scale); report information only for those students from whom you collected high school GPA

information only for those students from whom you conceted high school of A	
Percent who had GPA of 3.75 and higher	<u>40.9%</u>
Percent who had GPA between 3.50 and 3.74	<u>27.8%</u>
Percent who had GPA between 3.25 and 3.49	<u>15.7%</u>
Percent who had GPA between 3.00 and 3.24	<u>13.6%</u>
Percent who had GPA between 2.50 and 2.99	1.9%
Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.49	0.1%
Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99	0%
Percent who had GPA below 1.0	0%

C12. Average high school GPA of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted GPA: <u>3.67</u>

Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted high school GPA: 100%

Admission Policies							
C13. Application fee				=			
		Yes	No				
Does your institution have an applicat	ion fee?						
Amount of application fee		\$30					
Can it be waived for applicants with fi	nancial need?						
If you have an application fee and an o	on-line application	on optio	n, pl	ease indica	ate policu	ı for studen	ts who app
Same fee <u>X</u>							
Free							
Reduced							
Can on-line application fee be waived	for applicants wi	ith finan	cial	need? <u>YE</u>	<u>S</u>		
C14. Application closing date Does	your institution	have ar	арр	lication clo	osing date	e? 📝 yes	no no
Application closing date (fall): <u>May 1</u> Priority date: <u>January 1</u>							
C15. Are first-time, first-year stud	lents accepted	for ter	ms (other than	n the fal	l? 📝 yes	no no
C16. Notification to applicants of a On a rolling basis beginning (date) _O By (date) Other		ision se	ent (i	fill in one o	only)		
C17. Reply policy for admitted app	plicants (fill in c	one only	·)				
Must reply by (date):	•		,				
No Set date:							
Must reply by May 1 or within specified	<u>d</u> weeks if notifie	ed there	after				
Other							
Deadline for housing deposit (MMDD):	applications a	ccepted	as I	ong as spa	ice is ava	ilable	
Amount of housing deposit: <u>\$250 pre</u>	payment due wil	th applic	atio	<u>n_</u>			
Refundable if students does not enroll	7						

(at UCF only refundable if student is not offered housing. Enrollment status does not matter)

____ Yes, in full

_____ Yes, in part

__X_ No

C18. Deferred admission: Does your institution allow students to postpone enrollment after admission?

yes ve no
If yes, maximum period of postponement:
C19. Early admission of high school students: Does your institution allow high school students to enroll as full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students one year or more before high school graduation? yes □ no
C20. Common Application: Question removed from CDS
Early Decision and Early Action Plans
C21. Early decision: Does your institution offer an early decision plan (an admission plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date and which asks students to commit to attending if accepted) for first-time, first-year (freshman) applicants for fall enrollment? yes no
If "yes," please complete the following:
First or only early decision plan closing date
First or only early decision plan notification date
Other early decision plan closing date
Other early decision plan notification date
Number of early decision applications received by your institution
Number of applicants admitted under early decision plan
Please provide significant details about your early decision plan:
C22. Early action: Do you have a nonbinding early action plan whereby students are notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification date but do not have to commit to attending your college? yes no
D. TRANSFER ADMISSION Fall Applicants
D1. Does your institution enroll transfer students? ▼ yes □ no
(If no, please skip to Section E)
If yes, may transfer students earn advanced standing credit by transferring credits earned from course work completed at other colleges/universities? yes no no D2. Provide the number of students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled as degree-seeking transfer students in fall 2008.
Admitted Enrolled
Applicants Applicants Applicants
Men 4,489 2,431 1,826

Application for Admission

Total

10,981

6,134

4,455

D3. Indicate terms for which Fall ☐ Winter ☑ Spring					
D4. Must a transfer applicant freshman? ✓ yes ☐ no	have a minir	mum number of cred	dits completed or els	e must apply as	an entering
If yes, what is the minimum n D5. Indicate all items require				ster hours	
J. Indicate di items require	Required of All		Recommended for Some	r Required for Some	Not Required
High School Transcript				<u>K</u>	
College Transcript(s)	K				
Essay or Personal Statement					
Interview					V
Standardized Test Scores					
Statement of Good Standing from Prior Institution					
D8. List any other application Only transfers with less teranscripts or SAT/ACT scores D9. List application priority, capplications are reviewed on a column. Priority Date	than 60 seme	ester hours of colleg cation, and candidat or rolling basis, plac	e credit are required e reply dates for tra e a check mark in th	nsfer students. I	If
Fall	July 1		Reply L		V
Winter	<u> </u>				
Spring	Novemb	er 1		[V.
Summer					
D10. Does an open admission D11. Describe additional requirements of transferable ACT or SAT Reasoning Test so required to submit satisfactory	uirements for credit must ores. Some	transfer admission, meet freshman req majors are limited a	if applicable: Applicable: Applicable: Mapplicable: Applicable: Ap	cants with fewer it high school tra	inscript and
Transfer Credit Policies D12. Report the lowest grade	earned for a	any course that may	he transferred for c	redit: D	

	Maximum number of credits or courses to no limit	that may be transferred from a two-year institution: unit
	Maximum number of credits or courses to no limit	that may be transferred from a four-year institution: unit
	Minimum number of credits that transferee: 20 of the last 30	rs must complete at your institution to earn an associate's
D16 .		rs must complete at your institution to earn a bachelor's degree:
D17.	Describe other transfer credit policies: _	
E. A	CADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES	
		regrees available at very institution. Defeate definitions
		rograms available at your institution. Refer to definitions.
	Cross-registration	
	<u> </u>	
	<u> </u>	
	Honors program	
	4	
	Internships	
	Liberal arts/career combination	
	Student-designed major	
	Study abroad	
	Teacher certification program	
	Weekend college	
	Other (specify):	
E3.	Has been removed from the CDS Areas in which all or most students an uation.	re required to complete some course work prior to
	Arts/fine arts	
	Computer literacy	
	English (including composition)	
	Foreign languages	
	3 3 3 2 2	

History
Humanities
Mathematics
Philosophy
Science (biological or physical)
Social science
Other (describe):

E4-E8 Library Collections: The CDS publishers will collect library data again when a new Academic Libraries Survey is in place.

F. STUDENT LIFE

F1. Percentages of first-time, first-year (freshman) degree-seeking students and all degree-seeking undergraduates enrolled in fall 2008 who fit the following categories

undergraduates enrolled in fail 2006 who lit the following categories					
	1st-time, 1st-year (freshman) students	Degree-seeking Undergraduates			
Percent who are from out-of-state (exclude international/nonresident aliens from the numerator and denominator)	7%	5%			
Percent of men who join fraternities	7.8%	10.5%			
Percent of women who join sororities	6.1%	8.6%			
Percent who live in college-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing	69.6%	20.7%			
Percent who live off campus or commute	30.4%	79.3%			
Percent students age 25 and older	0%	17.6%			
Average age of full-time students	18	21			
Average age of all students (full- and part-time)	18	23			

F2. Activities offered:

Campus Ministry	Literary magazine	Radio station
Choral groups	Marching band	Student government
Concert band	Model UN	Student newspaper
☐ Dance	Music ensembles	Student-run film society
✓ Drama/theater	Musical theater	Symphony orchestra
International Student	Opera	☐ Television station
Organization		
☑ Jazz band	Pep band	Yearbook

F3. ROTC (program offered in cooperation with Reserve Officers' Training Corps)

Armv	RO	rc is	offe	red:

On campus
At cooperating institution (name)

☐ On campus	
At cooperating institution (name)	
Air Force ROTC is offered:	
On campus	
At cooperating institution (name)	
F4. Housing: Check all types of college at your institution.	-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing available for undergraduates
Coed dorms	Special housing for disabled students
Men's dorms	Special housing for international students
✓ Women's dorms	Fraternity/sorority housing
☐ Apartments for married students	Cooperative housing
Apartments for single students	▼ Theme housing
	☑ Wellness housing
Other housing options (specify)	
Affiliated student residences available ad	cross street from campus with university resident assistants.
On-campus: Honors Center; Living Lear	rning Communities, Lead Scholars Center

G. ANNUAL EXPENSES

Provide 2009-2010 academic year costs for the following categories that are applicable to your institution.

**2009-20010 costs are not available until July 2010. The costs below are for 2008-2009

G1. Undergraduate full-time tuition, required fees, room and board

List the typical tuition, required fees, and room and board for a full-time undergraduate student for the FULL 2009-2010 academic year (30 semesters hours or 45 quarter hours for institutions that derive annual tuition by multiplying credit hour cost by number of credits). A **full academic year** refers to the period of time generally extending from September to June; usually equated to two semesters or trimesters, three quarters, or the period covered by a four-one-four plan. **Room and board** is defined as double occupancy and 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan. **Required fees** include only charges that all full-time students must pay that are *not* included in tuition (e.g., registration, health, or activity fees.) Do *not* include optional fees (e.g. parking, laboratory use).

	FIRST-YEAR	UNDERGRADUATES
PRIVATE INSITUTIONS		
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS In-district:	\$3,947	\$3,947
In-state (out-of-district):	\$3,947	\$3,947
Out-of-state:	\$19,427	\$19,427
NONRESIDENT ALIENS:	\$19,427	\$19,427
REQUIRED FEES:*	\$0	\$0
ROOM AND BOARD: (on-campus)**	\$8,492	\$8,492

ROOM ONLY: (on-campus)**	\$4,750	\$4,750
BOARD ONLY: (on-campus meal plan)**	\$3,742	\$3,742

^{*} Health fee is now reported in tuition - based on credit hours with no minimum or maximum fee limit.

Comprehensive t	uition/room/board	fee (if your coll	ege cannot pr	ovide separate to	uition/room/boar	d/fees):
	_					
Other:						

G2. Number of credits per term a student can take for the stated full-time tuition 15 minimum 15 maximum

- G3. Do tuition and fees vary by year of study (e.g., sophomore, junior, senior)? ☐ yes **⋈**no
- G4. If tuition and fees vary by undergraduate instructional program, describe briefly:

G5. Provide the estimated expenses for a typical full-time undergraduate student:

[Visit http://finaid.ucf.edu/applying/app_costs.html for 2008-09 estimates.]

	Residents	Commuters (living at home)	Commuters (not living at home)
Books and supplies	\$924	\$924	\$924
Room and Board**	\$8,574	\$4,450	\$8,574
Transportation	\$1,800	\$1,800	\$1,800
Other expenses	\$2,276	\$2,276	\$2,276

^{**} Students may select from a variety of meal plans. These budgeting figures include estimated telephone expenses.

G6. Undergraduate per-credit-hour charges:

PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:	
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS In-district:	\$131.58
In-state (out-of-district):	\$131.58
Out-of-state:	\$647.56
NONRESIDENT ALIENS:	\$647.56

7	Гор	

H. FINANCIAL AID

Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates

H1. Enter total dollar amounts **awarded** to enrolled full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1, "total degree-seeking" undergraduates) in the following categories. (Note: If the data being reported are final figures for the 2007-2008 academic year (see the next item below), use the 2007-2008 academic year's CDS Question B1 cohort.) Include aid awarded

^{**} Various plans available - price may differ for selected plan.

to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid). Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be reported in the need-based aid columns. (For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the entry for "non-need-based scholarship or grant aid" on the last page of the definitions section).

Indicate	e the academic year for which	n data are reported for items H1, H2, H2A, and H6 below:
	2008-2009 estimated	2007-2008 final
Which r	needs-analysis methodology (does your institution use in awarding institutional aid? (Formerly H3)
⊯ Fed	deral methodology (FM)	
Ins	titutional methodology (IM)	
Bot	th FM and IM	

	Need-based (include non-need-based aid use to meet need)	Non-need-based (Exclude non-need- based aid use to meet need.)	
	\$	<i>\$</i>	
Scholarships/Grants			
Federal	27,357,482		
State (i.e., all states, not only the state in which your institution is located)	8,017,826	55,093,947	
Institutional: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants, awarded by the college, excluding athletic aid and tuition waivers (which are reported below)	7,172,451	7,854,194	
Scholarships/grants from external sources (e.g. Kiwanis, National Merit) not awarded by the college	449,743	4,895,951	
Total Scholarships/Grants	42,997,502	67,844,092	
Self-Help			
Student loans from all sources (excluding parent loans)	44,333,823	36,103,145	
Federal Work Study	1,490,778		
State and other (e.g., institutional) work- study/employment (Note: excludes Federal Work-Study captured above)			
Total Self-Help	45,824,601	36,103,145	
Parent Loans		6,579,506	
Tuition Waivers (Note: reporting is optional. Report tuition waivers in this row if you report them. Do not report tuition waivers elswhere.)			
Athletic Awards		2,303,754	

Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Aid

H2. List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who applied for and were awarded financial aid from any source. Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1.

Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

	First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergraduate	Less than Full-time
a) Number of degree-seeking undergraduate students (CDS Item B1 if reporting on fall 2008 cohort)	6,365	31,028	10,023
b) Number of students in line a who applied for need- based financial aid	4,429	18,620	4,664
c) Number of students in line b who were determined to have financial need	2,568	12,964	3,804
d) Number of students in line ${f c}$ who were awarded any financial aid	2,547	12,447	3,230
e) Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based scholarship or grant aid	1,492	8,726	2,339
f) Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based self-help aid	1007	6,881	1,999
g) Number of students in line d who were awarded any non-need-based scholarship or grant aid	2,404	7,795	786
h) Number of students in line d whose need was fully met (exclude PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans and private alternative loans).	495	2,345	234
i) On average, the percentage of need that was met of students who were awarded any need-based aid. Exclude any aid that was awarded in excess of need as well as any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans and private alternative loans).	69%	67%	50%
 j) The average financial aid package of those in line d. Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans and private alternative loans). 	\$7,235	\$7,567	\$5,124
k) Average need-based scholarship or grant award of those in line e	\$4,196	\$3,974	\$2,590
I) Average need-based self-help award (excluding PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans and private alternative loans) of those in line f	\$3,316	\$4,785	\$4,493
m) Average need-based loan (excluding PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans and private alternative loans) of those in line f who were awarded a need-based loan	\$3,265	\$4,664	\$4,475

H2A. Number of Enrolled Students Receiving Non-need-based Grants and Scholarships: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional - non-need-based scholarship or grant aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1. Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates.

n) Number of students in line a who had no financial need and who were awarded instutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid (exclude those who were awarded athletic awards and tuition benefits)	671	1751	14
o) Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based scholarship and grant aid awarded to students in line n	\$2,177	\$2,125	\$1,012
p) Number of students in line a who were awarded an institutional non-need-based athletic grant or scholarship	56	249	20
q) Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based athletic grants and scholarships awarded to students in line p	\$8,816	\$8,016	\$11,195

Note: These are the graduates and loan types to include and exclude in order to fill out CDS H4, H4a, H5 and H5a.

Include:

- * 2008 undergraduate class who graduated between July 1, 2007 and June 30, 2008 who started at your institution as first time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2007 and June 30, 2008.
- * only loans made to students who borrowed while enrolled at your institution.
- * co-signed loans.

Exclude:

- * those who transferred in.
- * money borrowed at other institutions.
- **H4.** Provide the percentage of the class (defined above) who borrowed at any time through any loan programs (institutional, state, Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized, private loans that were certified by your institution, etc.; exclude parent loans). Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans.:43.7%
- **H4a**. Provide the percentage of the class (defined above) who borrowed at any time through federal loan programs—Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans. NOTE: exclude all institutional, state, private alternative loans and parent loans. :42.7%
- H5. Report the average per-borrower cumulative undergraduate indebtedness of those in line H4. \$14,601
- **H5.** Report the average per-borrower cumulative undergraduate indebtedness through federal loan programs—Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans. These are listed in line H4a. NOTE: exclude all institutional, state, private alternative loans and exclude parent loans. \$14,005

Aid to Undergraduate Degree-seeking Nonresident Aliens (Note: Report numbers and dollar amounts for the same academic year checked in item H1.)

H6. Indicate your institution's policy regarding institutional scholarship and grant aid for undergraduate degree-seeking non-resident aliens:

Institutional need-based scholarship or grant aid is available
Institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid is available
Institutional scholarship and grant aid is not available

If institutional financial aid is available for undergraduate degree-seeking non-resident aliens, provide the number of undergraduate degree-seeking non-resident aliens who were awarded need- or non-need-based aid: 80

Average dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking non-resident aliens: <u>\$1195</u>

Total dollar amount of institutional financial aid awarded to all undergraduate degree-seeking non-resident aliens: \$95,564

Process for First-Year/freshman Students

H7. Check off all financial aid forms domestic first-year (freshman) financial aid applicants must submit:
FAFSA
Institution's own financial aid form
□ CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE
State aid form
Noncustodial (Divorced/Separated) Parent's Statement
Business/Farm Supplement
Other:
H8. Check off all financial aid forms non-resident alien first-year financial aid applicants must submit:
☑ Institution's own financial aid form
CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE
Foreign Student's Financial Aid Application
Foreign Student's Certification of Finances
Other:
H9. Indicate filing dates for first-year (freshman) students: Priority date for filing required financial aid forms: Deadline for filing required financial aid forms: No deadline for filing required forms (applications processed on a rolling basis): H10. Indicate notification dates for first-year (freshman) students (answer a or b): a) Students notified on or about (date): b) Students notified on a rolling basis vess no. If yes, starting date: March 15th H11. Indicate reply dates: Students must reply by (date): or within 3 weeks of notification.
Types of Aid Available
Please check off all types of aid available at your institution:
H12. Loans
FEDERAL DIRECT STUDENT LOAN PROGRAM (DIRECT LOAN) Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans
☐ Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loans
☐ Direct PLUS Loans
FEDERAL FAMILY EDUCATION LOAN PROGRAM (FFEL)

FFEL Subsidized Stafford Loans
FFEL Unsubsidized Stafford Loans
FFEL PLUS Loans
Federal Perkins Loans
Federal Nursing Loans
State Loans
College/university loans from institutional funds
Other (specify):

H13. Scholarships and Grants

NEED-BASED:

from institutional funds	
from institutional funds	

H14. Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Check all that apply.

Non-need	Need-based		
	K	Academics	
		Alumni affiliation	
		Art	
	K	Athletics	
		Job skills	
	V	Leadership	
	V	Minority status	
	K	Music/drama	
		Religious affiliation	
		ROTC	
		State/district residency	
		Other	

I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

I-1. Please report number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2008. Include Faculty who are on your institution's payroll on the census date your institution uses for IPEDS/AAUP.

The following definition of full-time instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey (the part time definitions are not used by AAUP). Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Use the chart below to determine inclusions and exclusions:

	Full-Time	Part-Time
(a) instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine, faculty who are not paid (e.g., those who donate their services or are in the military), or research-only faculty, post-doctoral fellows, or pre-doctoral fellows	Exclude	Include only if they teach one or more non- clinical credit courses
(b) administrative officers with titles such as dean of students, librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have faculty status.	Exclude	Include if they teach one or more non- clinical credit courses
(c) other administators/staff who teach one or more non- clinical credit courses even though they do not have faculty status	Exclude	Include
(d) undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant, teaching fellow, and the like	Exclude	Exclude
(e) faculty on sabbatical or leave with pay	Include	Exclude
(f) faculty on sabbatical or leave without pay	Exclude	Exclude
(g) replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave or leave with pay	Exclude	Include

Full-time instructional faculty: faculty employed on a full-time basis for instruction (including those with release time for research)

Part-time instructional faculty: Adjuncts and other instructors being paid solely for part-time classroom instruction. Also includes full-time faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Employees who are not considered full-time instructional faculty but who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses may be counted as part-time faculty.

Minority faculty: includes faculty who designate themselves as black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaskan native; Asian or Pacific Islander; or Hispanic.

Doctorate: includes such degrees as Doctor of Philosophy, Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science and Doctor of Public Health in any field such as arts, sciences, education, engineering, business, and public administration.

First-professional: includes the fields of dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), law (JD) and theological professions (MDiv, MHL).

Terminal master's degree: a master's degree that is considered the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts in art or theater).

	<u>Full-time</u>	<u>Part-time</u>	<u>Total</u>
a) Total number of instructional faculty	1195	464	1659
b) Total number who are members of minority groups	262	70	332
c) Total number who are women	460	253	713
d) Total number who are men	735	211	946
e) Total number who are non-resident aliens (international)	52	6	58
f) Total number with doctorate, first professional, or other	925	180	1105
terminal degree			
g) Total number whose highest degree is a master's but not a	262	256	518

terminal master's			
h) Total number whose highest degree is a bachelor's	8	28	36
i) Total number whose highest degree is unknown or other (Note: Items f , g , h , and i must sum up to item a .)	0	0	0
 j) Total number in stand-alone graduate/professional programs in which faculty teach virtually only gradaute-level students 	0	0	0
			_

I-2. Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the Fall 2008 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

<u>29.9 to 1</u> (based on _40,430_ FTE students and _1350_ FTE faculty)

I-3. Undergraduate Class Size

In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2008 term.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students are enrolled for credit. As above, exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of class sections and class subsections offered in Fall 2008. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled.

Undergraduate Class Size (provide numbers)

onder graduate ende ende ende (provide manusers)								
	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
Class Sections	342	431	634	551	289	530	207	2984
	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	Total
Class Sub- sections	66	222	225	158	81	33	4	789

J. DEGREES CONFERRED

Degrees conferred between July 1, 2007 and June 30, 2008

For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor's degrees awarded. To determine the percentage, use majors, not headcount (e.g., students with one degree but a double major will be represented twice). Calculate the percentage from your institutions Completions by using the sum of 1st and 2nd majors for each CIP code as the numerator and the sum of the Grand Total by 1st Majors and the Grand Total by 2nd major as the denominator. If you prefer, you can compute the percentages using 1st majors only.

Category	Diploma/ Certificate	Associate	Bachelor's	CIP 2001 categories to include
Agriculture			0	1
Natural Resources/environmental science			0	3
Architecture			0	4
Area and ethnic Studies			0	5
Communications/journalism			4.8	9
Communication technologies			0	10
Computer and information sciences			1.6	11
Personal and culinary services			0	12
Education			9.5	13
Engineering			5.9	14
Engineering technologies			1.3	15
Foreign languages and literature			0.4	16
Family and consumer sciences			0	19
Law/legal studies			2.4	22
English			2.6	23
Liberal arts/general studies			7.0	24
Library Science			0	25
Biological/life sciences			3.6	26
Mathematics			0.2	27
Military science and technologies			0	29
Interdisciplinary Studies			0	30
Parks and Recreation			0	31
Philosophy and religious studies			0.3	38
Theology and religions vocations			0	39
Physical sciences			0.3	40
Science technologies			0	41
Psychology			9.3	42
Security and protective services			4.6	43
Public administration and social services			1.0	44
Social sciences			4.1	45
Construction trades			0	46
Mechanic and repair technologies			0	47
ocial Sciences			0	48
Transportation and materials moving			0	49
Visual and Performing Arts			4.4	50
Health professions and related sciences			9.3	51
Business/marketing			26.0	52

History		1.4	54
Total		100%	

Common Data Set Definitions

All definitions related to the financial aid section appear at the end of the Definitions document.

Items preceded by an asterisk (*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.

*Academic advisement: Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and vocational goals.

Accelerated program: Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.

Admitted student: Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution.

*Adult student services: Admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a lapse of a few years.

American Indian or Alaska Native: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North America and who maintains cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community recognition.

Applicant (first-time, first-year): An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).

Application fee: That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is not creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is not admitted to the institution.

Asian or Pacific Islander: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian Subcontinent, or Pacific Islands. This includes people from China, Japan, Korea, the Philippine Islands, American Samoa, India, and Vietnam.

Associate degree: An award that normally requires at least two but less than four years of full-time equivalent college work.

Bachelor's degree: An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but not more than five years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (work-study plan) program. (A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies.) Also, it includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal four years of work are completed in three years.

Black, non-Hispanic: A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa (except those of Hispanic origin).

Board (charges): Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.

Books and supplies (costs): Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your institution.

Calendar system: The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.

*Career and placement services: A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing, launching the job search; listings for those students desiring employment and those seeking permanent positions; establishment of a permanent reference folder; career resource materials.

Carnegie units: One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.

Certificate: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Class rank: The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.

College-preparatory program: Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.

Common Application: The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.

*Community service program: Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.

Commuter: A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to attend college.

Contact hour: A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred to as clock hour.

Continuous basis (for program enrollment): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin on a certain date.

Cooperative housing: College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share room and board expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.

Cooperative education program: A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.

*Counseling service: Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related to their education, career, or personal development.

Credit: Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit course: A course that, if successfully completed, can be applied toward the number of courses required for achieving a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Credit hour: A unit of measure representing an hour (50 minutes) of instruction over a 15-week period in a semester or trimester system or a 10-week period in a quarter system. It is applied toward the total number of hours needed for completing the requirements of a degree, diploma, certificate, or other formal award.

Cross-registration: A system whereby students enrolled at one institution may take courses at another institution without having to apply to the second institution.

Deferred admission: The practice of permitting admitted students to postpone enrollment, usually for a period of one academic term or one year.

Degree: An award conferred by a college, university, or other postsecondary education institution as official

recognition for the successful completion of a program of studies.

Degree-seeking students: Students enrolled in courses for credit who are recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or formal award. At the undergraduate level, this is intended to include students enrolled in vocational or occupational programs.

Differs by program (calendar system): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Distance learning: An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, Internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

Doctoral degree: The highest award a student can earn for graduate study. The doctoral degree classification includes such degrees as Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, Doctor of Public Health, and the Doctor of Philosophy degree in any field such as agronomy, food technology, education, engineering, public administration, ophthalmology, or radiology. For the Doctor of Public Health degree, the prior degree is generally earned in the closely related field of medicine or in sanitary engineering.

Double major: Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.

Dual enrollment: A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.

Early action plan: An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.

Early admission: A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.

Early decision plan: A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular application pool, without prejudice.

English as a Second Language (ESL): A course of study designed specifically for students whose native language is not English.

Exchange student program-domestic: Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college in the United States without extending the amount of time required for a degree. See also Study abroad.

External degree program: A program of study in which students earn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency examinations, and personal experience. External degree programs require minimal or no classroom attendance.

Extracurricular activities (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschool-related activities of interest to the college, such as clubs, hobbies, student government, athletics, performing arts, etc.

First professional certificate (postdegree): An award that requires completion of an organized program of study designed for persons who have completed the first professional degree. Examples could be refresher courses or additional units of study in a specialty or subspecialty.

First professional degree: An award in one of the following fields: chiropractic (DC, DCM), dentistry (DDS, DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), rabbinical and Talmudic studies (MHL, Rav), Pharmacy (BPharm, PharmD), podiatry (PodD, DP, DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), law (LLB, JD), divinity/ministry (BD, MDiv).

First-time student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).

First-time, first-year (freshman) student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

First-year student: A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 contact hours.

Freshman: A first-year undergraduate student.

*Freshman/new student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

Full-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more contact hours a week each term.

Geographical residence (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

Grade-point average (academic high school GPA): The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPAs/assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for their grades in advanced or honors courses.

Graduate student: A student who holds a bachelor's or first professional degree, or equivalent, and is taking courses at the post-baccalaureate level.

*Health services: Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students.

High school diploma or recognized equivalent: A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Test of General Educational Development (GED), or another state-specified examination.

Hispanic: A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

Honors program: Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.

Independent study: Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure.

In-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's residency requirements.

International students: See Nonresident alien.

Internship: Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full- or part-time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.

*Learning center: Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs, or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests.

*Legal services: Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).

Liberal arts/career combination: Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross-registration.

Master's degree: An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of at least the full-time equivalent of one but not more than two academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree.

Minority affiliation (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.

*Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color.

Nonresident alien: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.

*On-campus day care: Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up);usually for a fee.

Open admission: Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.

Other expenses (costs): Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and furnishings.

Out-of-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's residency requirements.

Part-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 contact hours a week each term.

*Personal counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues.

Post-baccalaureate certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying the title of master.

Post-master's certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level.

Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma: Includes the following three IPEDS definitions for postsecondary awards, certificates, and diplomas of varying durations and credit/contact hour requirements --

Less Than 1 Academic Year: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in less than 1 academic year (2 semesters or 3 quarters) or in less than 900 contact hours by a student enrolled full-time.

At Least 1 But Less Than 2 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 1 but less than 2 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1,800 contact hours.

At Least 2 But Less Than 4 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 2 but less than 4 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 40 but less than 120 credit hours, or in at least 1,800 but less than 3,600 contact hours.

Private institution: An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

Private for-profit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

Private nonprofit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.

Proprietary institution: See Private for-profit institution.

Public institution: An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.

Quarter calendar system: A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.

Race/ethnicity: Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.

Race/ethnicity unknown: Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic categories.

Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor): Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.

*Religious counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.

*Remedial services: Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

Required fees: Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such as lab fees or parking fees.

Resident alien or other eligible non-citizen: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who holds either an alien registration card [Form I-551 or I-15], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian).

Room and board (charges)--on campus: Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).

Secondary school record (as admission factor): Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.

Semester calendar system: A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.

Student-designed major: A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser.

Study abroad: Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another country. Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or an institution of another country.

*Summer session: A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the academic year. It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter calendar system. The institution may have 2 or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no separate summer session.

Talent/ability (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students with demonstrated talent/abilities in areas of interest to the institution (e.g., sports, the arts, languages, etc.).

Teacher certification program: Program designed to prepare students to meet the requirements for certification as teachers in elementary, middle/junior high, and secondary schools.

Transfer applicant: An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has previously attended another college or university and earned college-level credit.

Transfer student: A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.

Transportation (costs): Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution for commuter students.

Trimester calendar system: An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.

Tuition: Amount of money charged to students for instructional services. Tuition may be charged per term, per course, or per credit.

*Tutoring: May range from one-on-one tutoring in specific subjects to tutoring in an area such as math, reading, or writing. Most tutors are college students; at some colleges, they are specially trained and certified.

Unit: A standard of measurement representing hours of academic instruction (e.g., semester credit, quarter credit, contact hour).

Undergraduate: A student enrolled in a four- or five-year bachelor's degree program, an associate degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.

*Veteran's counseling: Helps veterans and their dependents obtain benefits for their selected program and provides certifications to the Veteran's Administration. May also provide personal counseling on the transition from the military to a civilian life.

*Visually impaired: Any person whose sight loss is not correctable and is sufficiently severe as to adversely affect educational performance.

Volunteer work (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students for activity done on a volunteer basis (e.g., tutoring, hospital care, working with the elderly or disabled) as a service to the community or the public in general.

Wait list: List of students who meet the admission requirements but will only be offered a place in the class if

space becomes available.

Weekend college: A program that allows students to take a complete course of study and attend classes only on weekends.

White, non-Hispanic: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, North Africa, or the Middle East (except those of Hispanic origin).

*Women's center: Center with programs, academic activities, and/or services intended to promote an understanding of the evolving roles of women.

Work experience (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students who have been employed prior to application, whether for relevance to major, demonstration of employment-related skills, or as explanation of student's academic and extracurricular record.

Financial Aid Definitions

Aid awarded: The dollar amounts offered to financial aid applicants.

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits any one of the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan programs (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and should be included.

Institutional scholarships and grants: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and noninstitutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds, or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans

Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

External scholarships and grants: Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.

Contact Person: Pat Ramsey

This site is maintained by Institutional Knowledge Management