

2021-2022 Common Data Set

Prepared by: Institutional Knowledge Management University of Central Florida

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A. GENERAL INFORMATION

AO. Respondent Information (Not for Publication)

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- Fax
- E-mail Address <u>patricia.ramsey@ucf.edu</u>
- Are your responses to the CDS posted for reference on your institution's Web site? Yes □ No
- If yes, please provide the URL of the corresponding Web page: http://ikm.ucf.edu

A1. Address Information

- Name of College or University <u>University of Central Florida</u>
- Mailing Address, City/State/Zip 4000 Central Florida Blvd, Orlando, FL 32816
- Street Address (if different), City/State/Zip 4365 Andromeda Loop N, Orlando, FL 32816-0065
- Main Phone Number 407-823-2000
- WWW Home Page Address http://www.ucf.edu
- Admissions Phone Number 407-823-3000
- Admissions Office Mailing Address P.O. Box 160111, Orlando, FL 32816-0111
- Admissions Fax Number 407-823-5625
- Admissions E-mail Address <u>admission@ucf.edu</u>
- If there is a separate URL for your school's online application, please specify: https://apply.ucf.edu/application/login.aspx
- If you have a mailing address other than the above to which applications should be sent, please provide:

A2.	Source of institution	onal control (<i>cneck one only)</i>
	■ Public□ Private (nonpro	fit)
	☐ Proprietary	
АЗ.	Classify your unde	rgraduate institution:
	■ Coeducational of□ Men's college□ Women's college	
A4.	Academic year cal	endar
	■ Semester□ Quarter□ Trimester□ Other	□ 4-1-4□ Continuous□ Differs by program
A5.	Degrees offered by	y your institution
	□ Certificate□ Diploma■ Associate□ Transfer□ Terminal■ Bachelor's	 Postbachelor's certificate Master's Post-master's certificate Doctoral degree research/scholarship Doctoral degree − professional practice Doctoral degree other

B. ENROLLMENT AND PERSISTENCE

B1. Institutional Enrollment—Men and Women

Provide numbers of students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2021. Note: Report students formerly designated as "first professional" in the graduate cells.

Please see:

https://nces.ed.gov/ipeds/pdf/Reporting_Study_Abroad%20Students_5.31.17.pdf

	FULL-TIME			PART-TIME		
	Men Women Not		Men Women		Not	
			Reported			Reported
Undergraduates						
Degree-seeking, first-time freshmen	3,057	3,659		183	192	
Other first-year, degree-seeking	268	240		81	81	
All other degree-seeking	15,428	19,073		7,857	9,639	
Total degree-seeking	18,753	22,972	0	8,121	9,912	0
All other undergraduates enrolled in credit courses	53	68		111	84	1
Total undergraduates	18,806	23,040	0	8,232	9,996	1
First Professional						
Medical	251	233				
Graduate						
Degree-seeking, first-time	622	762		381	631	1
All other degree-seeking	1,299	1,718		1,529	2,684	1
All other graduates enrolled in credit courses	3	2		74	140	
Total graduate	1,924	2,482	0	1,984	3,455	2

Total all undergraduates: 60,075

Total all First Professional

(Medical): **484**

Total all graduate: 9,847

GRAND TOTAL ALL

STUDENTS: 70,406

B2. Enrollment by Racial/Ethnic Category

Provide numbers of undergraduate students for each of the following categories as of the institution's official fall reporting date or as of October 15, 2021. Include international students only in the category

"Nonresident aliens." Complete the "Total Undergraduates" column only if you cannot provide data for the first two columns. Report as your institution reports to IPEDS: persons who are Hispanic should be reported only on the Hispanic line, not under any race, and persons who are non-Hispanic multi-racial should be reported only under "Two or more races."

	DEGREE-SEEKING FIRST-TIME, FIRST YEAR	DEGREE-SEEKING UNDERGRADUATES	TOTAL UNDERGRADUATES
Nonresident aliens	116	1,916	2,053
Hispanic/Latino	1,872	17,543	17,576
Black or African American, non- Hispanic	538	6,131	6,143
White, non-Hispanic	3,432	26,910	27,010
American Indian or Alaska Native, non-Hispanic	9	76	76
Asian, non-Hispanic	645	4,120	4,126
Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, non-Hispanic	3	83	83
Two or more races, non-Hispanic	403	2,530	2,534
Race and/or ethnicity unknown	73	449	474
Total	7,091	59,758	60,075

Persistence

B3. Number of degrees awarded by your institution from July 1, 2020, to June 30, 2021.

Certificate/diploma	Degrees
Associate degrees	416
Bachelor's degrees	15,190
Postbachelor's certificates	499
* Master's degrees	2,704
Post-master's certificates	
Doctoral degrees – research/scholarship	317
Doctoral degrees – professional practice	193
Doctoral degrees – other	
* Master's Degree Detail	
Master's	2,689
Specialist's	15

Graduation Rates

The items in this section correspond to data elements collected by the IPEDS Web-based Data Collection System's Graduation Rate Survey (GRS). For complete instructions and definitions of data elements, see the IPEDS GRS Forms and Instructions for the 2021-2022 Survey.

In the following section for bachelor's or equivalent programs, please disaggregate the Fall 2014 and Fall 2015 cohorts (formerly CDS B4-B11) into four groups:

- Students who received a Federal Pell Grant*
- Recipients of a subsidized Stafford Loan who did not receive a Pell Grant
- Students who did not receive either a Pell Grant or a subsidized Stafford Loan

• Total (all students, regardless of Pell Grant or subsidized loan status)

*Students who received both a Federal Pell Grant and a subsidized Stafford Loan should be reported in the "Recipients of a Federal Pell Grant" column.

For each graduation rate grid below, the numbers in the first three columns for Questions A-G should sum to the cohort total in the fourth column (formerly CDS B4-B11).

For Bachelor's or Equivalent Programs

Please provide data for the Fall 2015 cohort if available. If Fall 2015 cohort data are not available, provide data for the Fall 2014 cohort.

Fall 2014 Cohort

	1 411 2017	COHOLE	1	1
	Recipients	Recipients of	Students who	Total
	of a Federal	a Subsidized	did not	(sum of 3
	Pell Grant	Stafford Loan	receive either	columns to
		who did not	a Pell Grant or	the left)
		receive a Pell	a subsidized	
		Grant	Stafford Loan	
A - Initial 2014 cohort of first-time,				(formerly B4)
full-time, bachelor's (or equivalent)				
degree-seeking undergraduate				
students				
B - Of the initial 2014 cohort, how				
many did not persist and did not				(formerly B5)
graduate for the following reasons:				
deceased, permanently disabled,				
armed forces, foreign aid service of				
the federal government, or official				
church missions; total allowable				
exclusions				
C - Final 2014 cohort, after adjusting				(formerly B6)
for allowable exclusions				
D - Of the initial 2014 cohort, how				(formerly B7)
many completed the program in four				
years or less (by Aug. 31, 2018)				
E - Of the initial 2014 cohort, how				
many completed the program in more				(formerly B8)
than four years but in five years or				
less (after Aug. 31, 2018 and by Aug.				
31, 2019)				
F - Of the initial 2014 cohort, how				
many completed the program in more				
than five years but in six years or				(formerly B9)
less (after Aug. 31, 2019 and by Aug.				
31, 2020)				
G - Total graduating within six years				(formerly
(sum of lines D, E, and F)				B10)
H - Six-year graduation rate for 2014	%	%	%	%
cohort (G divided by C)				(formerly B11)

Fall 2015 Cohort

A. Initial 2015 calcut of final time	Recipients of a Federal Pell Grant	Recipients of a Subsidized Stafford Loan who did not receive a Pell Grant	Students who did not receive either a Pell Grant or a subsidized Stafford Loan	Total (sum of 3 columns to the left)
A - Initial 2015 cohort of first-time, full-time, bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students	1,990	813	3,493	6,296 (formerly B4)
B - Of the initial 2015 cohort, how many did not persist and did not graduate for the following reasons: deceased, permanently disabled, armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government, or official church missions; total allowable exclusions		2	5	7 (formerly B5)
C - Final 2015 cohort, after adjusting for allowable exclusions	1,990	811	3,488	6,289 (formerly B6)
D - Of the initial 2015 cohort, how many completed the program in four years or less (by Aug. 31, 2019)	871	362	1,683	2,916 (formerly B7)
E - Of the initial 2015 cohort, how many completed the program in more than four years but in five years or less (after Aug. 31, 2019 and by Aug. 31, 2020)	434	187	793	1,414 (formerly B8)
F - Of the initial 2015 cohort, how many completed the program in more than five years but in six years or less (after Aug. 31, 2020 and by Aug. 31, 2021)	120	47	216	383 (formerly B9)
G - Total graduating within six years (sum of lines D, E, and F)	1,425	596	2,692	4,713 (formerly B10)
H - Six-year graduation rate for 2015 cohort (G divided by C)	72%	73%	77%	75% (formerly B11)

For Two-Year Institutions

Sections B12 - B21 do not apply to University of Central Florida (a four year institution).

Retention Rates

Report for the cohort of all full-time, first-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered in Fall 2020 (or the preceding summer term). The initial cohort may be adjusted for students who departed for the following reasons: death, permanent disability, or service in the armed forces, foreign aid service of the federal government or official church missions. No other adjustments to the initial cohort should be made.

B22. For the cohort of all full-time bachelor's (or equivalent) degree-seeking undergraduate students who entered your institution as freshmen in Fall 2020 (or the preceding summer term), what percentage was enrolled at your institution as of the date your institution calculates its official enrollment in Fall 2021? 91.9%

C. FIRST-TIME, FIRST-YEAR (FRESHMAN) ADMISSION

Applications

C1. First-time, first-year (freshman) students

Provide the number of degree-seeking, first-time, first-year students who applied, were admitted, and enrolled (full- or part-time) in Fall 2021. Include early decision, early action, and students who began studies during summer in this cohort. Applicants should include only those students who fulfilled the requirements for consideration for admission (i.e., who completed actionable applications) and who have been notified of one of the following actions: admission, non-admission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution). Admitted applicants should include wait-listed students who were subsequently offered admission. Since the total may include students who did not provide gender data, the detail need not sum to the total.

Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men applied	<u>20,359</u>
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women applied	<u>28,568</u>
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men and women applied	<u>48,927</u>
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men admitted	<u>7,561</u>
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) women admitted	<u>10,236</u>
Total first-time, first-year (freshman) men and women admitted	<u>17,797</u>
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men enrolled	<u>3,057</u>
Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) men enrolled	<u>183</u>
Total full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women enrolled	<u>3,659</u>
Total part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) women enrolled	<u>192</u>
Total (full-time & part-time) first-time, first-year (freshman) men and women en	rolled <u>7,091</u>
Total first-time, first-year (degree-seeking) who applied	<u>48,929</u>
Total first-time, first-year (degree-seeking) who were admitted	<u>17,797</u>
Total first-time, first-year (degree-seeking) who enrolled	<u>7,091</u>

C2. Freshman wait-listed students

(students who met admission requirements but whose final admission was co	ontingent on space
availability)	
Do you have a policy of placing students on a waiting list? $\ \blacksquare$ Yes $\ \square$	No
If yes, please answer the questions below for Fall 2021 admissions:	
Number of qualified applicants offered a place on waiting list	<u>4,986</u>
Number accepting a place on the waiting list	<u>3,411</u>
Number of wait-listed students admitted	<u>33</u>
Is your waiting list ranked?	<u>NO</u>
If yes, do you release that information to students?	
Do you release that information to school counselors?	

Admission Requirements

C3. High school completion requirement

Check the appropriate box to identify your high school completion requirement for degree-seeking entering students:

- High school diploma is required and GED is accepted
- $\hfill\square$ High school diploma is required and GED is not accepted
- \square High school diploma or equivalent is not required

C4. Does your institution require or recommend a general college-preparatory program for degree-seeking students?

Doo	:	
l Rea	u	II E

☐ Recommend

☐ Neither require nor recommend

C5. Distribution of high school units required and/or recommended.

Specify the distribution of academic high school course units required and/or recommended of all or most degree-seeking students using Carnegie units (one unit equals one year of study or its equivalent). If you use a different system for calculating units, please convert.

	Units Required	Units Recommended
Total academic units	18	
English	4	
Mathematics	4	
Science	3	
Of these, units that must be lab	(2)	
Foreign language	2	
Social studies	3	
History		
Academic electives	2	
Computer Science		
Visual/Performing Arts		
Other (specify)		

Basis for Selection

C6. Do you have an open admission policy, under which virtually all se students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard t	
other qualifications? If so, check which applies:	is academic record, test scores, or
Open admission policy as described above for all students	
Open admission policy as described above for most students, but	
selective admission for out-of-state students	
selective admission to some programs	
other (explain)	

C7. Relative importance of each of the following academic and nonacademic factors in your first-time, first-year, degree-seeking (freshman) admission decisions.

	Very Important	Important	Considered	Not Considered
Academic				
Rigor of secondary school record				
Class rank				
Academic GPA				
Standardized test scores				
Application Essay				
Recommendation				
Nonacademic				
Interview				
Extracurricular activities				
Talent/ability				
Character/personal qualities				
First generation				
Alumni/ae relation				
Geographical residence				
State residency				
Religious affiliation/commitment				
Racial/ethnic status				
Volunteer work				
Work experience				
Level of applicant's interest				

SAT and ACT Policies

C8. Entrance exams

A. Does your institution make use of SAT, ACT, or SAT	Subject Test scores in admission decisions for
first-time, first-year, degree-seeking applicants?	es 🗆 No

If yes, place check marks in the appropriate boxes below to reflect your institution's policies for use in admission for Fall 2023.

	Required	Recommended	Required for Some	Considered If Submitted	Not Used
SAT or ACT					
ACT only					
SAT only					
SAT and SAT Subject Tests or ACT					
SAT Subject Tests					

		SAT	ESSAY	ACT ES	5AY	
C. Please indicate how you	ır institution wi					that a
■ SAT with or with	out Essay com	ponent accepted				
☐ SAT with Essay of	component reco	ommended				
\square SAT with Essay of	component req	uired				
eeking applicants for Fall hether the Essay score w	2023 please in	dicate which ONE	of the follow	•		_
your institution will mak	e use of the SA	T in admission de	cisions for fi	rst-time. f	irst-vear.	dearee
ACT with or with	out Writing cor	nponent accepted				
☐ ACT with Writing	component re	commended				
☐ ACT with Writing	component re	quired				
hether the writing score	wiii be used iii	the admissions pro	ocess):			
eking applicants for Fall	·			ning applie	s (regardi	ess or
If your institution will m						
SAT Subject Tests						
ests or ACT						

	SAT ESSAY	ACT ESSAY
For admission		
For placement		
For advising		
In place of an application essay		
As a validity check on the application essay		
No college policy as of now		
Not using essay component		

D. In addition,	does your inst	itution use a	applicants' tes	t scores for	a cademic	advising?
☐ Yes	No					

- E. Latest date by which SAT or ACT scores must be received for fall-term admission May 1 Latest date by which SAT Subject Test scores must be received for fall-term admission $\underline{\text{N/A}}$
- F. If necessary, use this space to clarify your test policies (e.g., if tests are recommended for some students, or if tests are not required of some students): TOEFL or IELTS may be required of applicants who are not native speakers of English.

G. Please indicate which tests your institution uses for placement (e.g., state tests):

SAT	
ACT	
SAT Subject Tests	
AP	
CLEP	
Institutional Exam	
State Exam (specify):	

Freshman Profile

Provide percentages for **ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, full-time and part-time, first-time, first-year (freshman) students** enrolled in Fall 2021, including students who began studies during summer, international students/nonresident aliens, and students admitted under special arrangements.

C9. Percent and number of first-time, first-year (freshman) students enrolled in Fall 2021 who submitted national standardized (SAT/ACT) test scores. Include information for ALL enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted test scores. Do not include partial test scores (e.g., mathematics scores but not critical reading for a category of students) or combine other standardized test results (such as TOEFL) in this item. Do not convert SAT scores to ACT scores and vice versa. **Do** convert Old SAT scores to New SAT scores using the College Board's concordance tools and tables (sat.org/concordance).

If a student submitted multiple sets of scores for a single test, report this information according to how you use the data. For example:

- If you consider the highest scores from either submission, use the highest combination of scores (e.g., verbal from one submission, math from the other).
- If you average the scores, use the average to report the scores.

Percent submitting SAT scores	<u>72.9</u> %	Number submitting SAT scores	<u>5,169</u>
Percent submitting ACT scores	<u>27.1</u> %	Number submitting ACT scores	1,922

For each assessment listed below, report the score that represents the 25th percentile (the score that 25 percent of the freshman population scored at or below) and the 75th percentile score (the score that 25 percent scored at or above).

Assessment	25th Percentile	75th Percentile	Average Score
SAT Composite			
SAT Evidence-Based Reading and Writing	600	680	636
SAT Math	570	670	622
ACT Composite	25	30	27
ACT Math	23	28	25
ACT English	24	31	27
ACT Writing			

Percent of first-time, first-year (freshman) students with scores in each range:

Score Range	SAT Evidence-Based Reading and Writing	SAT Math
700-800	16.7%	15.6%
600-699	58.6%	46.1%
500-599	23.9%	36.2%
400-499	0.8%	2%
300-399	0%	0.1%
200-299	0%	0%
	100.00%	100.00%

Score Range	SAT Composite
1400-1600	12.2%
1200-1399	58.4%
1000-1199	28.6%
800-999	0.8%
600-799	0%
400-599	0%
	100.00%

Score Range	ACT Composite	ACT English	ACT Math
30-36	25.6%	30.6%	12.8%
24-29	59.4%	46.1%	55.4%
18-23	14.8%	22.3%	28.3%
12-17	0.2%	0.9%	3.5%
6-11	0%	0.1%	0%
Below 6	0%	0%	0%
	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

C10. Percent of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school class rank within each of the following ranges (report information for those students from whom you collected high school rank information).

Percent in top tenth of high school graduating class	<u>35</u> %
Percent in top quarter of high school graduating class	<u>71</u> %
Percent in top half of high school graduating class	<u>96</u> %
Percent in bottom half of high school graduating class	<u>4</u> %
Percent in bottom quarter of high school graduating class	<u>1</u> %
Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted high school class rank:	<u>79.5</u> %

 \square No

C11. Percentage of all enrolled, degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who had high school grade-point averages within each of the following ranges (using 4.0 scale). Report information only for those students from whom you collected high school GPA.

Percent who had GPA of 4.0	68.3%
Percent who had GPA between 3.75 and 3.99	18.4%
Percent who had GPA between 3.50 and 3.74	10.6%
Percent who had GPA between 3.25 and 3.49	2.1%
Percent who had GPA between 3.00 and 3.24	0.4%
Percent who had GPA between 2.50 and 2.99	0.2%
Percent who had GPA between 2.0 and 2.49	0%
Percent who had GPA between 1.0 and 1.99	0%
Percent who had GPA below 1.0	0%
	100.00%

C12. Average high school GPA of all degree-seeking, first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted GPA: <u>4.16</u>

Percent of total first-time, first-year (freshman) students who submitted high school GPA: 100%

Admission Policies

C13. Application fee

	YES	NO
Does your institution have an application fee?		
Amount of application fee:	<u>\$30</u>	
Can it be waived for applicants with financial need?		

If you have an application fee and an on-line application option, please indicate policy for students who apply on-line:

apply on-line	
Same	fee: ■
Free:	
Reduce	ed: □
Can or	n-line application fee be waived for applicants with financial need? \blacksquare Yes \Box No
C14. Applica	ation closing date
,	stitution have an application closing date?
C15. Are fire	st-time, first-year students accepted for terms other than the fall?
C16. Notific	ation to applicants of admission decision sent (fill in one only)

On a rolling basis beginning (date): September 1

By (date): _____

Other: _____

C17. Reply policy for admitted applicants (fill	in one o	י <i>nly)</i> ב
Must reply by (date): No set date:		
Must reply by May 1 or within specified weeks		
if notified thereafter		
Other:		-
		7
Deadline for housing deposit (MMDD): Application	s accept	ed as long as space is available
Amount of housing deposit: \$250 prepayment due	-	
Refundable if student does not enroll?		
☐ Yes, in full		
☐ Yes, in part		
No		
admission? ☐ Yes ■ No If yes, maximum period of postponement:		
C19. Early admission of high school students enroll as full-time, first-time, first-year (freshman graduation?		
■ Yes □ No		
C20. Common Application: Question removed f	rom CD9	(Initiated during 2006-2007 cycle)
C20. Common Application. Question removed i	TOTTI CDS	. (Initiated during 2000 2007 Cycle)
Early Decision and Early Action Plans		
C21. Early decision : Does your institution offer students to apply and be notified of an admission date and that asks students to commit to attendinapplicants for fall enrollment? ☐ Yes ■ No	decision	well in advance of the regular notification

If "yes," please complete the following:

First or only early decision plan closing date	
First or only early decision plan notification date	
Other early decision plan closing date	
Other early decision plan notification date	
For the Fall 2021 entering class:	
Number of early decision applications received by your institution	
Number of applicants admitted under early decision plan	
Please provide significant details about your early decision plan:	

_	-	a nonbinding early action p e of the regular notification	•	
	ır college? □ Yes	■ No		
If "yes," pleas	se complete the follo	wing:		
Early action of Early action r	losing date notification date			
Is your early plans? □ Ye	· ·	ctive" plan under which you	limit students from app	lying to other early
D. TRANSFE	R ADMISSION			
Fall Applic	ants			
-	ir institution enroll trease skip to Section	ransfer students? Yes E)	No	
		n advanced standing credit ⁄universities? ■ Yes □	by transferring credits ea No	arned from course
	he number of studer ents in Fall 2021.	nts who applied, were admi	tted, and enrolled as deg	gree-seeking
	Applicants	Admitted Applicants	Enrolled Applicants	
Men	5,604	3,550	2,405	
Women	8,232	5,331	3,396	
Total	13,836	8,881	5,801	
	n for Admission terms for which tran	sfers may enroll:		
■ Fall	☐ Winter	■ Spring ■ Summe	er	
entering fresh ■ Yes	nman?	re a minimum number of cronumber of cronumber of credits and the u	·	

D5. Indicate all items required of transfer students to apply for admission:

	Required of All	Recommended of All	Recommended of Some	Required of Some	Not required
High school transcript					
College transcript(s)					
Essay or personal statement					
Interview					
Standardized test scores					
Statement of good standing from prior institution(s)					

D6. If a minimum high school grade point average is required of transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale): N/A

D7. If a minimum college grade point average is required of transfer applicants, specify (on a 4.0 scale): 2.0

D8. List any other application requirements specific to transfer applicants: For complete transfer admission requirements, visit our website https://www.ucf.edu/admissions/undergraduate/transfer/_

D9. List application priority, closing, notification, and candidate reply dates for transfer students. If applications are reviewed on a continuous or rolling basis, place a check mark in the "Rolling admission" column.

	Priority Date	Closing Date	Notification Date	Reply Date	Rolling Admission
Fall		July 1			
Winter					
Spring		November 1			
Summer		March 1			

D10. Does an open admission policy, if reported, apply to transfer students? \square Yes \square No

D11. Describe additional requirements for transfer admission, if applicable: Complete transfer admission requirements are found at https://www.ucf.edu/admissions/undergraduate/transfer/. Some majors at UCF are limited or restricted access and may have higher GPA requirements.

Transfer Credit Policies

D12. Report the lower	st grade earned for any course that may be transferred for credit: <u>D</u>
	er of credits or courses that may be transferred from a two-year institution: Unit type
	er of credits or courses that may be transferred from a four-year institution: Unit type

D15. Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn an associate degree: 20 of the last 30

D16. Minimum number of credits that transfers must complete at your institution to earn a bachelor's degree: 30 of the last 39			
D17. Describe other transfer credit policies:			
D18. Does your institution accept the following military	/veteran transfer credits:		
American Council on Education (ACE) ■ Yes □ No College Level Examination Program (CLEP) ■ Yes □ DANTES Subject Standardized Tests (DSST) ■ Yes			
D19. Maximum number of credits or courses that may evaluated by the American Council on Education (ACE):	•		
Number Unit type			
D20. Maximum number of credits or courses that may supported prior learning assessments (College Level Extra Standardized Tests (DSST)): Number Unit type	amination Program (CLEP) or DANTES Subject		
D21. Are the military/veteran credit transfer policies pu	ublished on your website? ☐ Yes ■ No		
If yes, please provide the URL where the policy can be l	ocated:		
D22. Describe other military/veteran transfer credit po	olicies unique to your institution:		
E. ACADEMIC OFFERINGS AND POLICIES			
E1. Special study options: Identify those programs a for definitions.	vailable at your institution. Refer to the glossary		
 Accelerated program Cooperative education program Cross-registration Distance learning Double major Dual enrollment English as a Second Language (ESL) Exchange student program (domestic) External degree program Other (specify): 	 Honors program Independent study Internships □ Liberal arts/career combination □ Student-designed major ■ Study abroad ■ Teacher certification program □ Weekend college 		

E2. Has been removed from the CDS.

☐ Arts/fine arts	■ Humanities	
☐ Computer literacy	Mathematics	
■ English (including composition)	☐ Philosophy	
☐ Foreign languages	Sciences (biological or phy	vsical)
■ History	Social science	, ordary
☐ Other (describe):		
- Carlet (describe).		
F. STUDENT LIFE		
F1. Percentages of first-time, first-year (fres		
seeking undergraduates enrolled in Fall 2021		
	1ST-TIME, 1ST-YEAR (FRESHMAN) STUDENTS	DEGREE-SEEKING
Percent who are from out of state (exclude	(FRESHMAN) STUDENTS	UNDERGRADUATES
international/nonresident aliens from the	8.7%	6.7%
numerator and denominator)	8.7%	0.7%
Percent of men who join fraternities	2.5%	3.6%
Percent of women who join sororities	6.2%	6.1%
Percent who live in college-owned, -operated, or		
-affiliated housing	71.1%	18.1%
Percent who live off campus or commute	28.9%	81.9%
Percent of students age 25 and older	0%	14.9%
Average age of full-time students	18	21
Average age of all students (full- and part-time)	18	22
F2. Activities offered Identify those programs	s available at your institutio	n.
- ·	erary magazine 🔲 Radio s	
■ Choral groups ■ Ma	rching band Studen	t government
-		t newspaper
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	t-run film society
■ Drama/theater ■ Mu	sical theater Sympho	ony orchestra
■ International Student Organization ■ Open	era T elevisi	on station
■ Jazz band ■ Pep	band 🗆 Yearboo	ok
F3. ROTC (program offered in cooperation with R	eserve Officers' Training Corps)
Army ROTC is offered:		
On campus		
\square At cooperating institution (name):		
Naval ROTC is offered:		
☐ On campus		
☐ At cooperating institution (name):		

Air Force ROTC is offered:	
On campus	
\square At cooperating institution (name):	
F4. Housing: Check all types of college-owned, -o	perated, or -affiliated housing available for
undergraduates at your institution.	
■ Coed dorms	\square Special housing for disabled students
☐ Men's dorms	$\hfill\Box$ Special housing for international students
☐ Women's dorms	■ Fraternity/sorority housing
\square Apartments for married students	☐ Cooperative housing
Apartments for single students	■ Theme housing
	■ Wellness housing
■ Other housing options (specify): Affilia	ted student residences available across street
from campus with university resident assis	stants. On Campus: Honors Center; Living
Learning Communities; Lead Scholars Cer	<u>iter.</u>

G. ANNUAL EXPENSES

GO. Please provide the URL of your institution's net price calculator:

https://www.ucf.edu/financial-aid/resources/net-price-calculator/

Provide 2022-2023 academic year costs of attendance for the following categories that are applicable to your institution.

G1. Undergraduate full-time tuition, required fees, room and board

List the typical tuition, required fees, and room and board for a full-time undergraduate student for the FULL 2022-2023 academic year (30 semester hours or 45 quarter hours for institutions that derive annual tuition by multiplying credit hour cost by number of credits). A **full academic year** refers to the period of time generally extending from September to June; usually equated to two semesters, two trimesters, three quarters, or the period covered by a four-one-four plan. **Room and board** is defined as double occupancy and 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan. **Required fees** include only charges that all full-time students must pay that are *not* included in tuition (e.g., registration, health, or activity fees.) Do *not* include optional fees (e.g., parking, laboratory use).

	FIRST-YEAR	UNDERGRADUATES
PRIVATE INSTITUTION	•	•
PUBLIC INSTITUTION		
In-district:	\$6,368	\$6,368
In-state (out-of-district):	\$6,368	\$6,368
Out-of-state:	\$22,467	\$22,467
NONRESIDENT ALIEN:	\$22,467	\$22,467
REQUIRED FEES*:	\$0	\$0
ROOM AND BOARD: (on-campus)**	\$10,000	\$10,000
ROOM ONLY: (on-campus)**	\$5,400	\$5,400
BOARD ONLY: (on-campus meal plan)**	\$4,600	\$4,600

^{*} Health fee is now reported in tuition - based on credit hours with no minimum or maximum fee limit.

Comprehensive tuition/room/board fee (if your college cannot provide separate tuition/room /board fees):
Other:
G2. Number of credits per term a student can take for the stated full-time tuition

15 minimum 15 maximum

G3. Do tuition and fees vary by year of study (e.g., sophomore, j	unior, senior)?	□ Yes	■ No

G4. Do tuition and fees vary by undergraduate instructional program? □ Yes ■ No

If yes, what percentage of full-time undergraduates pay more than the tuition and fees reported in G1?

G5. Provide the estimated expenses for a typical full-time undergraduate student:

[Visit https://www.ucf.edu/financial-aid/cost/ for 2022-2023 and 2021-2022 estimates.]

	Residents	Commuters (living at home)	Commuters (not living at home)
Books and supplies:	\$1,200	\$1,200	\$1,200
Room only:			
Board only:			
Room and board total (if your college cannot provide separate room and board figures for commuters not living at home)**:	\$11,498	\$5,895	\$11,498
Transportation:	\$1,866	\$1,866	\$1,866
Other expenses:	\$3,104	\$3,104	\$3,104

^{**} Students may select from a variety of meal plans. These budgeting figures include estimated telephone expenses.

^{**} Various plans available - price may differ for selected plan.

G6. Undergraduate per-credit-hour charges (tuition only):

PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS:	
PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS:	
In-district:	\$212.28
In-state (out-of-district):	\$212.28
Out-of-state:	\$748.89
NONRESIDENT ALIENS:	\$748.89

H. FINANCIAL AID

Aid Awarded to Enrolled Undergraduates

- **H1.** Enter total dollar amounts **awarded** to enrolled full-time and less than full-time degree-seeking undergraduates (using the same cohort reported in CDS Question B1, "total degree-seeking" undergraduates) in the following categories.
 - If the data being reported are final figures for the 2020-2021 academic year (see the next item below), use the 2020-2021 academic year's CDS Question B1 cohort.
 - Include aid awarded to international students (i.e., those not qualifying for federal aid).
 - Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be <u>reported in the need-based aid column</u>.
 - For a suggested order of precedence in assigning categories of aid to cover need, see the entry for "non-need-based scholarship or grant aid" on the last page of the definitions section.
 - Do NOT include any aid related to the CARES Act or unique to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Indicate the academic year for which data are reported for items H1, H2, H2A, and H6 below: □ 2021-2022 estimated ■ 2020-2021 final
Which needs-analysis methodology does your institution use in awarding institutional aid? (Formerly H3 ■ Federal methodology (FM) □ Institutional methodology (IM) □ Both FM and IM

	Need-based	Non-need-based
	(Include non-need-	(Exclude non-need-
	based aid use to	based aid use to
	meet need.)	meet need.)
	\$	\$
Scholarships/Grants		
Federal	107,787,209	5,009,643
State (i.e., all states, not only the state in which your institution is located)	23,379,908	121,596,097
Institutional: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants, awarded by the college, excluding athletic aid and tuition waivers (which are reported below).	27,669,880	19,487,387
Scholarships/grants from external sources (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit) not awarded by the college	199,598	15,465,201
Total Scholarships/Grants	159,036,595	161,558,328
Self-Help		
Student loans from all sources (excluding parent loans)	56,898,468	64,057,250
Federal Work-Study	2,262,711	
State and other (e.g., institutional) work- study/employment (Note: Excludes Federal Work-Study captured above.)		
Total Self-Help	59,161,179	64,057,250
Parent Loans		11,992,554
Tuition Waivers (Note: Reporting is optional. Report tuition waivers in this row if you choose to report them. Do not report tuition waivers elsewhere.)		
Athletic Awards		7,975,571

H2. Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Aid

List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who applied for and were awarded financial aid from any source. Aid that is non-need-based but that was used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1.

Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates. Do NOT include any aid related to the CARES Act or unique to the COVID-19 pandemic.

	First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad	Less Than Full-time
a) Number of degree-seeking undergraduate students (CDS Item B1 if reporting on Fall 2020 cohort)	7,623	43,385	17,775
b) Number of students in line a who applied for need-based financial aid	6,902	33,725	11,972
c) Number of students in line b who were determined to have financial need	4,054	24,587	10,010
d) Number of students in line c who were awarded any financial aid	3,956	23,353	8,521
e) Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based scholarship or grant aid	2,663	17,887	7,037
f) Number of students in line d who were awarded any need-based self-help aid	1,017	9,305	3,384
g) Number of students in line d who were awarded any non- need-based scholarship or grant aid	3,385	11,435	1,277
h) Number of students in line d whose need was fully met (exclude PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	1,079	3,587	397
i) On average, the percentage of need that was met of students who were awarded any need-based aid. Exclude any aid that was awarded in excess of need as well as any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	73%	63%	44%
j) The average financial aid package of those in line d. Exclude any resources that were awarded to replace EFC (PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans)	\$12,520	\$10,713	\$5,671
k) Average need-based scholarship or grant award of those in line e	\$7,361	\$7,205	\$4,281
Average need-based self-help award (excluding PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans) of those in line	\$3,563	\$4,628	\$4,129
m) Average need-based loan (excluding PLUS loans, unsubsidized loans, and private alternative loans) of those in line f who were awarded a need-based loan	\$3,562	\$4,547	\$4,109

H2A. Number of Enrolled Students Awarded Non-need-based Scholarships and Grants: List the number of degree-seeking full-time and less-than-full-time undergraduates who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid. Numbers should reflect the cohort awarded the dollars reported in H1.

Note: In the chart below, students may be counted in more than one row, and full-time freshmen should also be counted as full-time undergraduates. Do NOT include any aid related to the CARES Act or unique to the COVID-19 pandemic.

	First-time Full-time Freshmen	Full-time Undergrad	Less Than Full-time
n) Number of students in line a who had no financial need and who were awarded institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid (exclude those who were awarded athletic awards and tuition benefits)	1,478	3,490	91
o) Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based scholarship and grant aid awarded to students in line n	\$2,612	\$3,063	\$1,192
p) Number of students in line a who were awarded an institutional non-need-based athletic scholarship or grant	78	366	6
q) Average dollar amount of institutional non-need-based athletic scholarships and grants awarded to students in line p	\$18,086	\$21,329	\$28,210

H3. Incorporated into H1 above.

Note: These are the graduates and loan types to include and exclude in order to fill out CDS H4 and H5.

Include:

- * 2021 undergraduate class: all students who started at your institution as first-time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2020 and June 30, 2021
- * only loans made to students who borrowed while enrolled at your institution
- * co-signed loans

Exclude:

- * students who transferred in
- * money borrowed at other institutions
- * parent loans
- * students who did not graduate or who graduated with another degree or certificate (but no bachelor's degree).
- * Any aid related to the CARES Act or unique to the COVID-19 pandemic.

H4. Provide the number of students in the 2021 undergraduate class who started at your institution as first-time students and received a bachelor's degree between July 1, 2020 and June 30, 2021. Exclude students who transferred into your institution. <u>5,669</u>

H5. Number and percent of students in class (defined in H4 above) borrowing from federal, non-federal, and any loan sources, and the average (or mean) amount borrowed. NOTE: The "Average perundergraduate-borrower cumulative principal borrowed," is designed to provide better information about student borrowing from federal and nonfederal (institutional, state, commercial) sources. The numbers, percentages, and averages for each row should be based only on the loan source specified for the particular row. For example, the federal loans average (row b) should only be the cumulative average of federal loans and the private loans average (row e) should only be the cumulative average of private loans.

Source/Type of Loans	Number in the class (defined in H4 above) who borrowed from the types of loans specified in the first column	Percent of the class (defined above) who borrowed from the types of loans specified in the first column (nearest 1%)	Average per- undergraduate- borrower cumulative principal borrowed from the types of loans specified in the first column (nearest \$1)
a) Any loan program: Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized, institutional, state, private loans that your institution is aware of, etc. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans.	2,418	43%	\$22,499
b) Federal loan programs: Federal Perkins, Federal Stafford Subsidized and Unsubsidized. Include both Federal Direct Student Loans and Federal Family Education Loans.	2,377	42%	\$19,506
c) Institutional loan programs.	0	%	\$
d) State loan programs.	0	%	\$
e) Private alternative loans made by a bank or lender.	299	5%	\$26,878

Aid to Undergraduate Degree-seeking Nonresident Aliens

(Note: Report numbers and dollar amounts for the same academic year checked in item H1.)

H6. Indicate your institution's policy regarding institutional scholarship and grant aid for undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident aliens:

☐ Institutional need-based scholarship or grant aid is available		Institutional need-b	ased scholarship or	grant aid is available	
--	--	----------------------	---------------------	------------------------	--

Institutional non-need-based scholarship or grant aid is available

☐ Institutional scholarship and grant aid is not available

If institutional financial aid is available for undergranumber of undergraduate degree-seeking nonresidenced-based aid: <u>175</u>	duate degree-seeking nonresident aliens, provide the ent aliens who were awarded need-based or non-
Average dollar amount of institutional financial aid a nonresident aliens: \$1,045	awarded to undergraduate degree-seeking
Total dollar amount of institutional financial aid awa aliens: _\$182,793	orded to undergraduate degree-seeking nonresident
H7. Check off all financial aid forms nonreside submit:	nt alien first-year financial aid applicants must
 Institution's own financial aid form □ CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE □ International Student's Financial Aid Applic □ International Student's Certification of Financial □ Other: 	
Process for First-Year/Freshman Studen	nts
H8. Check off all financial aid forms domestic must submit:	first-year (freshman) financial aid applicants
■ FAFSA □ Institution's own financial aid form □ CSS/Financial Aid PROFILE □ State aid form □ Noncustodial PROFILE □ Business/Farm Supplement □ Other:	
H9. Indicate filing dates for first-year (freshm	an) students:
Priority date for filing required financial aid forms: Deadline for filing required financial aid forms: No deadline for filing required forms (applications processed on a rolling basis):	<u>December 1</u> <u>June 30</u> □
H10. Indicate notification dates for first-year	(freshman) students (answer a or b):
 a.) Students notified on or about (date): b.) Students notified on a rolling basis: ■ Yes □ If yes, starting date: March 1 	
H11. Indicate reply dates:	
Students must reply by (date):	or within <u>3</u> weeks of notification.

Types of Aid Available

Please check off all types of aid available to undergraduates at your institution:

H12. Loans

- Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans
- Direct Unsubsidized Stafford Loans
- Direct PLUS Loans

		Perkins	1
1 1	FOURTAI	PARVING	i nanc

- Federal Nursing Loans
- ☐ State Loans
- ☐ College/university loans from institutional funds
- □ Other (specify): _____

H13. Scholarships and Grants

NEED-BASED:

- Federal Pell
- SEOG
- State scholarships/grants
- Private scholarships
- College/university scholarship or grant aid from institutional funds
- ☐ United Negro College Fund
- ☐ Federal Nursing Scholarship
- □ Other (specify): _____

H14. Check off criteria used in awarding institutional aid. Check all that apply.

Non-need	Need-based	
		Academics
		Alumni affiliation
		Art
		Athletics
		Job skills
		ROTC
		Leadership
		Minority status
		Music/drama
		Religious affiliation
		State/district residency

H15. If your institution has recently implemented any major financial aid policy, program, or initiative to make your institution more affordable to incoming students such as replacing loans with grants, or waiving costs for families below a certain income level please provide details below:

I. INSTRUCTIONAL FACULTY AND CLASS SIZE

I-1. Please report the number of instructional faculty members in each category for Fall 2021.

Include faculty who are on your institution's payroll on the census date your institution uses for IPEDS/AAUP.

The following definition of full-time instructional faculty is used by the American Association of University Professors (AAUP) in its annual Faculty Compensation Survey (the part time definitions are not used by AAUP). Instructional Faculty is defined as those members of the instructional-research staff whose major regular assignment is instruction, including those with released time for research. Use the chart below to determine inclusions and exclusions:

	FULL-TIME	PART-TIME
(a) instructional faculty in preclinical and clinical medicine,	Exclude	Include only if
faculty who are not paid (e.g., those who donate their services or		they teach one or
are in the military), or research-only faculty, post-doctoral		more non-clinical
fellows, or pre-doctoral fellows		credit courses
(b) administrative officers with titles such as dean of students,	Exclude	Include if they
librarian, registrar, coach, and the like, even though they may		teach one or more
devote part of their time to classroom instruction and may have		non-clinical credit
faculty status		courses
(C) other administrators/staff who teach one or more non-	Exclude	Include
clinical credit courses even though they do not have faculty status		
(d) undergraduate or graduate students who assist in the	Exclude	Exclude
instruction of courses, but have titles such as teaching assistant,		
teaching fellow, and the like		
(e) faculty on sabbatical or leave with pay	Include	Exclude
(f) faculty on leave without pay	Exclude	Exclude
(g) replacement faculty for faculty on sabbatical leave or leave	Exclude	Include
with pay		

Full-time instructional faculty: faculty employed on a full-time basis for instruction (including those with released time for research)

Part-time instructional faculty: Adjuncts and other instructors being paid solely for part-time classroom instruction. Also includes full-time faculty teaching less than two semesters, three quarters, two trimesters, or two four-month sessions. Employees who are not considered full-time instruction faculty but who teach one or more non-clinical credit courses may be counted as part-time faculty.

Minority faculty: includes faculty who designate themselves as Black, non-Hispanic; American Indian or Alaska Native; Asian, Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander, or Hispanic.

Doctorate: includes such degrees as Doctor of Philosophy, Doctor of Education, Doctor of Juridical Science, and Doctor of Public Health in any field such as arts, sciences, education, engineering, business, and public administration. Also includes terminal degrees formerly designated as "first professional," including dentistry (DDS or DMD), medicine (MD), optometry (OD), osteopathic medicine (DO), pharmacy (DPharm or BPharm), podiatric medicine (DPM), veterinary medicine (DVM), chiropractic (DC or DCM), or law (JD).

Terminal master's degree: a master's degree that is considered the highest degree in a field: example, M. Arch (in architecture) and MFA (master of fine arts in art or theater).

	Full-time	Part-time	Total
(a) Total number of instructional faculty	1,618	506	2,124
(b) Total number who are members of minority groups	478	132	610
(c) Total number who are women	725	278	1,003
(d) Total number who are men	893	228	1,121
(e) Total number who are nonresident aliens (international)	43	8	51
(f) Total number with doctorate, or other terminal degree	1,389	235	1,624
(g) Total number whose highest degree is a master's but not a terminal master's	224	225	449
(h) Total number whose highest degree is a bachelor's	5	31	36
(i) Total number whose highest degree is unknown or other (Note: Items f , g , h , and i must sum up to item a .)	0	14	14
(j) Total number in stand-alone graduate/professional programs in which faculty teach virtually only graduate-level students	0	0	0

I-2. Student to Faculty Ratio

Report the Fall 2021 ratio of full-time equivalent students (full-time plus 1/3 part time) to full-time equivalent instructional faculty (full time plus 1/3 part time). In the ratio calculations, exclude both faculty and students in stand-alone graduate or professional programs such as medicine, law, veterinary, dentistry, social work, business, or public health in which faculty teach virtually only graduate level students. Do not count undergraduate or graduate student teaching assistants as faculty.

Fall 2021 Student to Faculty ratio: 30.3 to 1 (based on 54,142.00 FTE students and 1,786.67 FTE faculty).

I-3. Undergraduate Class Size

In the table below, please use the following definitions to report information about the size of classes and class sections offered in the Fall 2021 term.

The Undergraduate Class Size includes courses traditionally taught in at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting that were moved online in response to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Class Sections: A class section is an organized course offered for credit, identified by discipline and number, meeting at a stated time or times in a classroom or similar setting, and not a subsection such as a laboratory or discussion session. Undergraduate class sections are defined as any sections in which at least one degree-seeking undergraduate student is enrolled for credit. Exclude distance learning classes and noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Exclude students in independent study, co-operative programs, internships, foreign language taped tutor sessions, practicums, and all students in one-on-one classes. Each class section should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of course catalog cross-listings.

Class Subsections: A class subsection includes any subsection of a course, such as laboratory, recitation, and discussion subsections that are supplementary in nature and are scheduled to meet separately from the lecture portion of the course. Undergraduate subsections are defined as any subsections of courses in which degree-seeking undergraduate students enrolled for credit. As above,

exclude noncredit classes and individual instruction such as dissertation or thesis research, music instruction, or one-to-one readings. Each class subsection should be counted only once and should not be duplicated because of cross-listings.

Using the above definitions, please report for each of the following class-size intervals the number of class sections and class subsections offered in Fall 2021. For example, a lecture class with 800 students who met at another time in 40 separate labs with 20 students should be counted once in the "100+" column in the class section column and 40 times under the "20-29" column of the class subsections table.

Number of Class Sections with Undergraduates Enrolled

Undergraduate Class Size (provide numbers)

	2-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40-49	50-99	100+	TOTAL
Class Sections	354	562	698	476	323	450	330	3193
Class Sub-Sections	12	22	31	149	70	45	1	330

J. DEGREES CONFERRED

Degrees conferred between July 1, 2020 and June 30, 2021

For each of the following discipline areas, provide the percentage of diplomas/certificates, associate, and bachelor's degrees awarded. To determine the percentage, use majors, not headcount (e.g., students with one degree but a double major will be represented twice). Calculate the percentage from your institution's IPEDS Completions by using the sum of 1st and 2nd majors for each CIP code as the numerator and the sum of the Grand Total by 1st Majors and the Grand Total by 2nd major as the denominator. If you prefer, you can compute the percentages using 1st majors only.

Category	Diploma/ Certificates	Associate	Bachelor's	CIP 2020 Categories to Include
Agriculture			0	1
Natural resources and conservation			0.7	3
Architecture			0.3	4
Area, ethnic, and gender studies			0.1	5
Communication/journalism			4.3	9
Communication technologies			0	10
Computer and information sciences			4.5	11
Personal and culinary services			0	12
Education			5.9	13
Engineering			8.3	14
Engineering technologies			0	15
Foreign languages, literatures, and linguistics			0.1	16
Family and consumer sciences			0	19
Law/legal studies			1.7	22
English			2.4	23
Liberal arts/general studies			0.1	24
Library science			0	25
Biological/life sciences			5.8	26
Mathematics and statistics			0.7	27
Military science and military technologies			0	28 and 29
Interdisciplinary studies			5.7	30
Parks and recreation			0.2	31
Philosophy and religious studies			0.2	38
Theology and religious vocations			0	39
Physical sciences			0.5	40
Science technologies			0	41
Psychology			9.2	42
Homeland Security, law enforcement,			2.0	42
firefighting, and protective services			3.8	43
Public administration and social services			1.2	44
Social sciences			4.4	45
Construction trades			0	46
Mechanic and repair technologies			0	47
Precision production			0	48
Transportation and materials moving			0	49
Visual and performing arts			6.5	50
Health professions and related programs			15.3	51
Business/marketing			17.1	52
History			1	54
Other			0	
TOTAL			100.00%	

Common Data Set Definitions

All definitions related to the financial aid section appear at the end of the Definitions document.

Items preceded by an asterisk (*) represent definitions agreed to among publishers which do not appear on the CDS document but may be present on individual publishers' surveys.

*Academic advisement: Plan under which each student is assigned to a faculty member or a trained adviser, who, through regular meetings, helps the student plan and implement immediate and long-term academic and vocational goals.

Accelerated program: Completion of a college program of study in fewer than the usual number of years, most often by attending summer sessions and carrying extra courses during the regular academic term.

Admitted student: Applicant who is offered admission to a degree-granting program at your institution.

*Adult student services: Admission assistance, support, orientation, and other services expressly for adults who have started college for the first time, or who are re-entering after a lapse of a few years.

American Indian or Alaska Native: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America) and maintaining tribal affiliation or community attachment.

Applicant (first-time, first year): An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has been notified of one of the following actions: admission, nonadmission, placement on waiting list, or application withdrawn (by applicant or institution).

Application fee: That amount of money that an institution charges for processing a student's application for acceptance. This amount is *not* creditable toward tuition and required fees, nor is it refundable if the student is not admitted to the institution.

Asian: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian subcontinent, including, for example, Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Pakistan, the Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam.

Associate degree: An award that normally requires at least two but less than four years of full-time equivalent college work.

Bachelor's degree: An award (baccalaureate or equivalent degree, as determined by the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Education) that normally requires at least four years but *not* more than five years of full-time equivalent college-level work. This includes ALL bachelor's degrees conferred in a five-year cooperative (work-study plan) program. (A cooperative plan provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government; thus, it allows students to combine actual work experience with their college studies.) Also, it includes bachelor's degrees in which the normal four years of work are completed in three years.

Black or African American: A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa.

Board (charges): Assume average cost for 19 meals per week or the maximum meal plan.

Books and supplies (costs): Average cost of books and supplies. Do not include unusual costs for special groups of students (e.g., engineering or art majors), unless they constitute the majority of students at your institution.

Calendar system: The method by which an institution structures most of its courses for the academic year.

Campus Ministry: Religious student organizations (denominational or nondenominational) devoted to fostering religious life on college campuses. May also refer to Campus Crusade for Christ, an interdenominational Christian organization.

*Career and placement services: A range of services, including (often) the following: coordination of visits of employers to campus; aptitude and vocational testing; interest inventories, personal counseling; help in resume writing, interviewing, launching the job search; listings for those students desiring employment and those seeking permanent positions; establishment of a permanent reference folder; career resource materials.

Carnegie units: One year of study or the equivalent in a secondary school subject.

Certificate: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Class rank: The relative numerical position of a student in his or her graduating class, calculated by the high school on the basis of grade-point average, whether weighted or unweighted.

College-preparatory program: Courses in academic subjects (English, history and social studies, foreign languages, mathematics, science, and the arts) that stress preparation for college or university study.

Common Application: The standard application form distributed by the National Association of Secondary School Principals for a large number of private colleges who are members of the Common Application Group.

*Community service program: Referral center for students wishing to perform volunteer work in the community or participate in volunteer activities coordinated by academic departments.

Commuter: A student who lives off campus in housing that is not owned by, operated by, or affiliated with the college. This category includes students who commute from home and students who have moved to the area to attend college.

Contact hour: A unit of measure that represents an hour of scheduled instruction given to students. Also referred to as clock hour.

Continuous basis (for program enrollment): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that enroll students at any time during the academic year. For example, a cosmetology school or a word processing school might allow students to enroll and begin studies at various times, with no requirement that classes begin on a certain date.

Cooperative education program: A program that provides for alternate class attendance and employment in business, industry, or government.

Cooperative housing: College-owned, -operated, or -affiliated housing in which students share room and board expenses and participate in household chores to reduce living expenses.

*Counseling service: Activities designed to assist students in making plans and decisions related to their education, career, or personal development.

Credit: Recognition of attendance or performance in an instructional activity (course or program) that can be applied by a recipient toward the requirements for a degree, diploma, certificate, or recognized postsecondary credential.

Credit course: A course that, if successfully completed, can be applied toward the number of courses required for achieving a degree, diploma, certificate, or other recognized postsecondary credential.

Credit hour: A unit of measure representing an hour (50 minutes) of instruction over a 15-week period in a semester or trimester system or a 10-week period in a quarter system. It is applied toward the total number of hours needed for completing the requirements of a degree, diploma, certificate, or recognized postsecondary credential.

Cross-registration: A system whereby students enrolled at one institution may take courses at another institution without having to apply to the second institution.

Deferred admission: The practice of permitting admitted students to postpone enrollment, usually for a period of one academic term or one year.

Degree: An award conferred by a college, university, or other postsecondary education institution as official recognition for the successful completion of a program of studies.

Degree-seeking students: Students enrolled in courses for credit who are recognized by the institution as seeking a degree or recognized postsecondary credential. At the undergraduate level, this is intended to include students enrolled in vocational or occupational programs.

Differs by program (calendar system): A calendar system classification that is used by institutions that have occupational/vocational programs of varying length. These schools may enroll students at specific times depending on the program desired. For example, a school might offer a two-month program in January, March, May, September, and November; and a three-month program in January, April, and October.

Diploma: See Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma.

Distance learning: An option for earning course credit at off-campus locations via cable television, internet, satellite classes, videotapes, correspondence courses, or other means.

Doctor's degree-research/scholarship: A Ph.D. or other doctor's degree that requires advanced work beyond the master's level, including the preparation and defense of a dissertation based on original research, or the planning and execution of an original project demonstrating substantial artistic or scholarly achievement. Some examples of this type of degree may include Ed.D., D.M.A., D.B.A., D.Sc., D.A., or D.M, and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-professional practice: A doctor's degree that is conferred upon completion of a program providing the knowledge and skills for the recognition, credential, or license required for professional practice. The degree is awarded after a period of study such that the total time to the degree, including both pre-professional and professional preparation, equals at least six full-time equivalent academic years. Some of these degrees were formerly classified as "first-professional" and may include: Chiropractic (D.C. or D.C.M.); Dentistry (D.D.S. or D.M.D.); Law (L.L.B. or J.D.); Medicine (M.D.); Optometry (O.D.); Osteopathic Medicine (D.O); Pharmacy (Pharm.D.); Podiatry (D.P.M., Pod.D., D.P.); or, Veterinary Medicine (D.V.M.), and others, as designated by the awarding institution.

Doctor's degree-other: A doctor's degree that does not meet the definition of a doctor's degree - research/scholarship or a doctor's degree - professional practice.

Double major: Program in which students may complete two undergraduate programs of study simultaneously.

Dual enrollment: A program through which high school students may enroll in college courses while still enrolled in high school. Students are not required to apply for admission to the college in order to participate.

Early action plan: An admission plan that allows students to apply and be notified of an admission decision well in advance of the regular notification dates. If admitted, the candidate is not committed to enroll; the student may reply to the offer under the college's regular reply policy.

Early admission: A policy under which students who have not completed high school are admitted and enroll full time in college, usually after completion of their junior year.

Early decision plan: A plan that permits students to apply and be notified of an admission decision (and financial aid offer if applicable) well in advance of the regular notification date. Applicants agree to accept an offer of admission and, if admitted, to withdraw their applications from other colleges. There

are three possible decisions for early decision applicants: admitted, denied, or not admitted but forwarded for consideration with the regular applicant pool, without prejudice.

English as a Second Language (ESL): A course of study designed specifically for students whose native language is not English.

Exchange student program-domestic: Any arrangement between a student and a college that permits study for a semester or more at another college in the United States without extending the amount of time required for a degree. See also Study abroad.

External degree program: A program of study in which students earn credits toward a degree through independent study, college courses, proficiency examinations, and personal experience. External degree programs require minimal or no classroom attendance.

Extracurricular activities (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admissions process given for participation in both school and nonschool-related activities of interest to the college, such as clubs, hobbies, student government, athletics, performing arts, etc.

First-time student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the level enrolled. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended a postsecondary institution for the first time at the same level in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credit earned before graduation from high school).

First-time, first-year (freshman) student: A student attending any institution for the first time at the undergraduate level. Includes students enrolled in the fall term who attended college for the first time in the prior summer term. Also includes students who entered with advanced standing (college credits earned before graduation from high school).

First-year student: A student who has completed less than the equivalent of 1 full year of undergraduate work; that is, less than 30 semester hours (in a 120-hour degree program) or less than 900 contact hours.

Freshman: A first-year undergraduate student.

*Freshman/new student orientation: Orientation addressing the academic, social, emotional, and intellectual issues involved in beginning college. May be a few hours or a few days in length; at some colleges, there is a fee.

Full-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for 12 or more semester credits, 12 or more quarter credits, or 24 or more contact hours a week each term.

Geographical residence (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process given to students from a particular region, state, or country of residence.

Grade-point average (academic high school GPA): The sum of grade points a student has earned in secondary school divided by the number of courses taken. The most common system of assigning numbers to grades counts four points for an A, three points for a B, two points for a C, one point for a D, and no points for an E or F. Unweighted GPA's assign the same weight to each course. Weighting gives students additional points for their grades in advanced or honors courses.

Graduate student: A student who holds a bachelor's or equivalent, and is taking courses at the post-baccalaureate level.

*Health services: Free or low cost on-campus primary and preventive health care available to students.

High school diploma or recognized equivalent: A document certifying the successful completion of a prescribed secondary school program of studies, or the attainment of satisfactory scores on the Tests of General Educational Development (GED), or another state-specified examination.

Hispanic or Latino: A person of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, South or Central American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.

Honors program: Any special program for very able students offering the opportunity for educational enrichment, independent study, acceleration, or some combination of these.

Independent study: Academic work chosen or designed by the student with the approval of the department concerned, under an instructor's supervision, and usually undertaken outside of the regular classroom structure.

In-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who meet the state's or institution's residency requirements.

International student: See Nonresident alien.

International student group: Student groups that facilitate cultural dialogue, support a diverse campus, assist international students in acclimation and creating a social network.

Internship: Any short-term, supervised work experience usually related to a student's major field, for which the student earns academic credit. The work can be full- or part-time, on- or off-campus, paid or unpaid.

*Learning center: Center offering assistance through tutors, workshops, computer programs, or audiovisual equipment in reading, writing, math, and skills such as taking notes, managing time, taking tests.

*Legal services: Free or low cost legal advice for a range of issues (personal and other).

Liberal arts/career combination: Program in which a student earns undergraduate degrees in two separate fields, one in a liberal arts major and the other in a professional or specialized major, whether on campus or through cross-registration.

Master's degree: An award that requires the successful completion of a program of study of generally one or two full-time equivalent academic years of work beyond the bachelor's degree. Some of these degrees, such as those in Theology (M.Div., M.H.L./Rav) that were formerly classified as "first-professional", may require more than two full-time equivalent academic years of work.

Minority affiliation (as admission factor): Special consideration in the admission process for members of designated racial/ethnic minority groups.

*Minority student center: Center with programs, activities, and/or services intended to enhance the college experience of students of color.

Model United Nations: A simulation activity focusing on conflict resolution, globalization, and diplomacy. Assuming roles as foreign ambassadors and "delegates," students conduct research, engage in debate, draft resolutions, and may participate in a national Model UN conference.

Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands.

Nonresident alien: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who is in this country on a visa or temporary basis and does not have the right to remain indefinitely.

*On-campus day care: Licensed day care for students' children (usually age 3 and up); usually for a fee.

Open admission: Admission policy under which virtually all secondary school graduates or students with GED equivalency diplomas are admitted without regard to academic record, test scores, or other qualifications.

Other expenses (costs): Include average costs for clothing, laundry, entertainment, medical (if not a required fee), and furnishings.

Out-of-state tuition: The tuition charged by institutions to those students who do not meet the institution's or state's residency requirements.

Part-time student (undergraduate): A student enrolled for fewer than 12 credits per semester or quarter, or fewer than 24 contact hours a week each term.

***Personal counseling**: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore personal, educational, or vocational issues.

Post-baccalaureate certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study requiring 18 credit hours beyond the bachelor's; designed for persons who have completed a baccalaureate degree but do not meet the requirements of academic degrees carrying the title of master.

Post-master's certificate: An award that requires completion of an organized program of study of 24 credit hours beyond the master's degree but does not meet the requirements of academic degrees at the doctoral level.

Postsecondary award, certificate, or diploma: Includes the following three IPEDS definitions for postsecondary awards, certificates, and diplomas of varying durations and credit/contact hour requirements—

Less Than 1 Academic Year: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in less than 1 academic year (2 semesters or 3 quarters) or in less than 900 contact hours by a student enrolled full-time.

At Least 1 But Less Than 2 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 1 but less than 2 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 30 but less than 60 credit hours, or in at least 900 but less than 1,800 contact hours.

At Least 2 But Less Than 4 Academic Years: Requires completion of an organized program of study at the postsecondary level (below the baccalaureate degree) in at least 2 but less than 4 full-time equivalent academic years, or designed for completion in at least 60 but less than 120 credit hours, or in at least 1,800 but less than 3,600 contact hours.

Private institution: An educational institution controlled by a private individual(s) or by a nongovernmental agency, usually supported primarily by other than public funds, and operated by other than publicly elected or appointed officials.

Private for-profit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk.

Private nonprofit institution: A private institution in which the individual(s) or agency in control receives no compensation, other than wages, rent, or other expenses for the assumption of risk. These include both independent nonprofit schools and those affiliated with a religious organization.

Proprietary institution: See Private for-profit institution.

Public institution: An educational institution whose programs and activities are operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials, and which is supported primarily by public funds.

Quarter calendar system: A calendar system in which the academic year consists of three sessions called quarters of about 12 weeks each. The range may be from 10 to 15 weeks. There may be an additional quarter in the summer.

Race/ethnicity: Category used to describe groups to which individuals belong, identify with, or belong in the eyes of the community. The categories do not denote scientific definitions of anthropological origins. A person may be counted in only one group.

Race/ethnicity unknown: Category used to classify students or employees whose race/ethnicity is not known and whom institutions are unable to place in one of the specified racial/ethnic categories.

Recognized Postsecondary Credential: Includes both Title IV eligible degrees, certificates, and other recognized postsecondary credentials. Any credential that is received after completion of a program that is eligible for Title IV federal student aid. Credentials that are awarded to recognize an individual's attainment of measurable technical or industry/occupational skills necessary to obtain employment or advance within an industry occupation. (Generally based on standards developed or endorsed by employers or industry associations).

Religious affiliation/commitment (as admission factor): Special consideration given in the admission process for affiliation with a certain church or faith/religion, commitment to a religious vocation, or observance of certain religious tenets/lifestyle.

- *Religious counseling: One-on-one or group counseling with trained professionals for students who want to explore religious problems or issues.
- *Remedial services: Instructional courses designed for students deficient in the general competencies necessary for a regular postsecondary curriculum and educational setting.

Required fees: Fixed sum charged to students for items not covered by tuition and required of such a large proportion of all students that the student who does NOT pay is the exception. Do not include application fees or optional fees such as lab fees or parking fees.

Resident alien or other eligible non-citizen: A person who is not a citizen or national of the United States and who has been admitted as a legal immigrant for the purpose of obtaining permanent resident alien status (and who holds either an alien registration card [Form I-551 or I-151], a Temporary Resident Card [Form I-688], or an Arrival-Departure Record [Form I-94] with a notation that conveys legal immigrant status, such as Section 207 Refugee, Section 208 Asylee, Conditional Entrant Parolee or Cuban-Haitian).

Room and board (charges)—on campus: Assume double occupancy in institutional housing and 19 meals per week (or maximum meal plan).

Secondary school record (as admission factor): Information maintained by the secondary school that may include such things as the student's high school transcript, class rank, GPA, and teacher and counselor recommendations.

Semester calendar system: A calendar system that consists of two semesters during the academic year with about 16 weeks for each semester of instruction. There may be an additional summer session.

Student-designed major: A program of study based on individual interests, designed with the assistance of an adviser.

Study abroad: Any arrangement by which a student completes part of the college program studying in another country. Can be at a campus abroad or through a cooperative agreement with some other U.S. college or an institution of another country.

*Summer session: A summer session is shorter than a regular semester and not considered part of the academic year. It is not the third term of an institution operating on a trimester system or the fourth term of an institution operating on a quarter calendar system. The institution may have 2 or more sessions occurring in the summer months. Some schools, such as vocational and beauty schools, have year-round classes with no separate summer session.

Talent/ability (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students with demonstrated talent/abilities in areas of interest to the institution (e.g., sports, the arts, languages, etc.).

Teacher certification program: Program designed to prepare students to meet the requirements for certification as teachers in elementary, middle/junior high, and secondary schools.

Transfer applicant: An individual who has fulfilled the institution's requirements to be considered for admission (including payment or waiving of the application fee, if any) and who has previously attended another college or university and earned college-level credit.

Transfer student: A student entering the institution for the first time but known to have previously attended a postsecondary institution at the same level (e.g., undergraduate). The student may transfer with or without credit.

Transportation (costs): Assume two round trips to student's hometown per year for students in institutional housing or daily travel to and from your institution for commuter students.

Trimester calendar system: An academic year consisting of 3 terms of about 15 weeks each.

Tuition: Amount of money charged to students for instructional services. Tuition may be charged per term, per course, or per credit.

***Tutoring**: May range from one-on-one tutoring in specific subjects to tutoring in an area such as math, reading, or writing. Most tutors are college students; at some colleges, they are specially trained and certified.

Unit: a standard of measurement representing hours of academic instruction (e.g., semester credit, quarter credit, contact hour).

Undergraduate: A student enrolled in a four- or five-year bachelor's degree program, an associate degree program, or a vocational or technical program below the baccalaureate.

- ***Veteran's counseling**: Helps veterans and their dependents obtain benefits for their selected program and provides certifications to the Veteran's Administration. May also provide personal counseling on the transition from the military to a civilian life.
- ***Visually impaired**: Any person whose sight loss is not correctable and is sufficiently severe as to adversely affect educational performance.

Volunteer work (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students for activity done on a volunteer basis (e.g., tutoring, hospital care, working with the elderly or disabled) as a service to the community or the public in general.

Wait list: List of students who meet the admission requirements but will only be offered a place in the class if space becomes available.

Weekend college: A program that allows students to take a complete course of study and attend classes only on weekends.

White: A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, the Middle East, or North Africa.

*Women's center: Center with programs, academic activities, and/or services intended to promote an understanding of the evolving roles of women.

Work experience (as admission factor): Special consideration given to students who have been employed prior to application, whether for relevance to major, demonstration of employment-related skills, or as explanation of student's academic and extracurricular record.

Financial Aid Definitions

Please refer to the following financial aid definitions when completing Section H.

Awarded aid: The dollar amounts offered to financial aid applicants.

Financial aid applicant: Any applicant who submits any one of the institutionally required financial aid applications/forms, such as the FAFSA.

Indebtedness: Aggregate dollar amount borrowed through any loan program (federal, state, subsidized, unsubsidized, private, etc.; excluding parent loans) while the student was enrolled at an institution. Student loans co-signed by a parent are assumed to be the responsibility of the student and should be included.

Institutional scholarships and grants: Endowed scholarships, annual gifts and tuition funded grants for which the institution determines the recipient.

Financial need: As determined by your institution using the federal methodology and/or your institution's own standards.

Need-based aid: College-funded or college-administered award from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify. This includes both institutional and non-institutional student aid (grants, jobs, and loans).

Need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must have financial need to qualify.

Need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, federal, or other sources for which a student must demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Non-need-based scholarship or grant aid: Scholarships and grants, gifts, or merit-based aid from institutional, state, federal, or other sources (including unrestricted funds or gifts and endowment income) awarded solely on the basis of academic achievement, merit, or any other non-need-based reason. When reporting questions H1 and H2, non-need-based aid that is used to meet need should be counted as need-based aid.

Note: Suggested order of precedence for counting non-need money as need-based:

Non-need institutional grants

Non-need tuition waivers

Non-need athletic awards

Non-need federal grants

Non-need state grants

Non-need outside grants

Non-need student loans

Non-need parent loans

Non-need work

Non-need-based self-help aid: Loans and jobs from institutional, state, or other sources for which a student need not demonstrate financial need to qualify.

Private student loans: A nonfederal loan made by a lender such as a bank, credit union or private lender used to pay for up to the annual cost of education, less any financial aid received.

External scholarships and grants: Scholarships and grants received from outside (private) sources that students bring with them (e.g., Kiwanis, National Merit scholarships). The institution may process paperwork to receive the dollars, but it has no role in determining the recipient or the dollar amount awarded.

Work study and employment: Federal and state work study aid, and any employment packaged by your institution in financial aid awards.